IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	E I WELFIH 1	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT	
WILL COUNT	TY, ILLINOIS	_	
DAVID RUDOFSKI,)		25
Plaintiff,)))	JAN 2	p. 2.25 1.47
vs.) No.	07 L 283g품을	—————————————————————————————————————
THE ROMAN CATHOLIC DIOCESE OF JOLIET, a Trust; FR. JAMES BURNETT,)))	ARLYNALA SOMETH E0001 E004 FOLLOW	
Defendants.	,	•	

DIOCESE MOTION TO ENTER A WRITTEN DISCOVERY ORDER AND TO ENTER A CONTEMPT ORDER TO PERFECT AN APPEAL PURSUANT TO SUPREME COURT RULE 304(b)(5)

NOW COMES, the Defendant Roman Catholic Diocese of Joliet, Inc., a Trust, (the "Diocese") by James C. Byrne of Spesia & Ayers, and Joseph M. Laraia of Laraia, Harrison & Laraia, P.C., its attorneys, and respectfully moves the Court to enter a written order encompassing the Court's rulings of November 23, 2010 and December 14, 2010, which pertain to the Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Discovery and the discovery to be produced by the Diocese herein, and to enter an order of contempt against the Diocese for its respectful refusal to comply with said Order in the production of the information and documents set forth therein so that an appeal can be taken from said Order, pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 304(b)(5). In support of this Motion, the Diocese states as follows:

- 1. The Plaintiff submitted Interrogatories, and a Request for Production of Documents, upon the Diocese.
- 2. The Diocese provided answers and made objections to certain of Plaintiff's Interrogatories and Production Request.

- 3. The Plaintiff filed a Motion to Compel the Diocese to answer the Interrogatories and produce the documents objected to by the Diocese.
- 4. The Diocese filed a Response to Plaintiff's Motion to Compel; the Plaintiff filed a Reply and the parties filed Memoranda of Law in support of their respective positions.
- 5. The Court heard argument, on Plaintiff's Motion to Compel, on November 23, 2010 and rendered its rulings on said date requesting the parties to submit an Order that encompassed the Court's ruling. A transcript of said hearing, and the Court's rulings, are attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 6. Thereafter, the Plaintiff submitted his proposed Order and the Diocese submitted its proposed Order to each other and to the Court, and on **December 14**, **2010**, the Court decided not to enter either order presented by the parties and made further rulings set forth in **the transcript of said hearing**, which is attached thereto as **Exhibit B**.

THAT PART OF THE COURT ORDER REGARDING DOCUMENTS THAT THE DIOCESE WILL PRODUCE PURSUANT TO THE COURT ORDER (AND NOT BY AGREEMENT)

- 7. The Diocese will produce and comply with that part of the Discovery Order as follows:
 - a) All records regarding Father James Burnett, which are his entire priest file, secret archive records pertaining to him, if any, investigative files of Bishop Kaffer, investigative files of Diocese of Joliet of outside investigators, Review Committee records, background checks of witnesses and alleged victim, all subject to Privilege Logs.

- All allegations of sexual abuse of minors by <u>Diocesan Priests and Religious</u>

 Order Priests that worked or served in ministry in a Diocese parish, or other

 Diocesan entity that was governed by the Diocese of Joliet, <u>in which the</u>

 alleged sexual abuse occurred before November 20, 1982, and was also

 reported to the <u>Diocese prior to November 20, 1982</u>, including all ministry assignments of those priests, and also including any secret archive files, if any, investigative files of Bishop Kaffer or outside investigators and background checks of witnesses or claimants.
- Any and all written policies of the Diocese of Joliet that predated November
 20, 1982 pertaining to priest sexual abuse with minors.
- d) A list of all lawsuits against the Diocese for priest sexual abuse with minors wherein the sexual abuse is alleged to have occurred prior to November 20, 1982.

THAT PART OF THE COURT ORDER REGARDING DOCUMENTS THAT THE DIOCESE OBJECTS TO AND WILL NOT PRODUCE UNLESS AND UNTIL ORDERED BY A REVIEWING COURT

- 8. The documents which the Court has ordered, on November 23rd and December 14, 2010, for the Diocese to produce, and which the Diocese respectfully refuses to produce, include the following:
 - I. Allegations of sexual misconduct by priests with adults that occurred prior to November 20, 1982 regardless of when said conduct was reported to the Diocese, which would include the following:
 - (a) Allegations against all Diocesan priests from 1949 to the present;

- (b) Allegations against all Religious Order priests from 1949 to the present who worked in a Diocesan parish or Diocesan facility;
- (c) Allegations that were found to be reasonably credible by the Diocese and allegations that were found to be reasonably non-credible by the Diocese, or false, if those determinations were made;
- (d) The entire priests' files of said other priests and not only those portions of the files that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct with adults.
- (e) The **Diocese's Secret Archive files**, if any, that pertain to said allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with adults;
- (f) The investigation files of **Bishop Kaffer**, if any that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with adults;
- (g) The investigation files of the Diocese's **outside investigators**, if any including Steve Kirby & Kirby Associates, that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with adults;
- (h) **Diocesan Review Committee records**, if any that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with adults;
- (i) Background checks of witnesses or claimants, if any that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct with adults;
- (j) Allegations of sexual misconduct with adults, if any, of **Bishop Dan Ryan** that took place while he was an official of the Diocese of Joliet provided that the allegations occurrence was prior to November 20, 1982, but were reported after 1982.

- II. Complaints against priests involving minors that do not involve sex, occurring before November 20, 1982, no matter when reported to the Diocese, including:
 - a) Complaints against all Diocesan priests, from 1949 to the present;
 - b) Complaints against all Religious Order Priests who worked in a Diocesan parish or Diocesan facility, from 1949 to the present;
 - c) The complaints that were found to be reasonably credible by the Diocese and allegations that were found to be reasonably non-credible or false;
 - d) The entire priest file of said other priests and not only those portions of the file that pertain to said complaints.
 - e) The **Diocese's Secret Archive files**, if any that pertain to said complaints;
 - f) The investigation files of **Bishop Kaffer**, if any that pertain to complaints;
 - g) The investigation files of the Diocese's **outside investigators**, if any including Steve Kirby & Kirby Associates, that pertain to said complaints;
 - h) **Diocesan Review Committee records**, if any that pertain to complaints;
 - i) Background checks of witnesses or claimants that pertain to said complaints.
 - j) Complaints against **Bishop Dan Ryan** involving minors that do not involve sex while he was an official of the Diocese of Joliet, provided the occurrence was before November 20, 1982 even though reported after said date.

- III. Allegations of sexual abuse by priests with minors that occurred prior to

 November 20, 1982 and were first reported to the Diocese after November 20,

 1982:
 - a. Allegations against all Diocesan priests, from 1949 to the present;
 - Allegations against all Religious Order priests who worked in a
 Diocesan parish or Diocesan facility, from 1949 to the present;
 - c. Allegations that were found to be reasonably credible by the Diocese and allegations that were found to be reasonably non-credible by the Diocese; allegations that were found to be reasonably false by the Diocese;
 - d. The entire priests' files of said other priests and not only those portions of the files that pertain to allegations of sexual abuse;
 - e. The **Diocese's Secret Archive files** that pertain to said allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with minors;
 - f. The investigation files of **Bishop Kaffer** that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with minors;
 - g. The investigation files of the Diocese's outside investigators, including Steve Kirby & Kirby Associates, that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with minors;
 - h. **Diocesan Review Committee records** that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with minors;

- i. Background checks of witnesses or claimants that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct with minors;
- j. Allegations of sexual misconduct with minors if any, of Bishop Dan Ryan that took place while he was an official of the Diocese of Joliet provided that the allegations occurrence was prior to November 20, 1982, but were reported after 1982;
- 9. The Court has also ruled that the following information and documents are not discoverable by the Plaintiff:
 - a. The mental health records of priests other than Father Burnett who have had allegations of sexual misconduct with adults and sexual and other misconduct with children.
 - b. Information or allegations regarding a priest's breach of **Vow of Celibacy**.
 - c. The Diocesan documents or records regarding the legal fees of priests accused of sexual abuse with minors.
 - d. The Diocesan records in the possession of any state's attorney's office.
 - e. The Diocesan records in the possession of any **insurance company** providing insurance coverage to the Diocese.

BASIS FOR THE APPEAL

10. The Court's above rulings set forth in paragraph 8, subparagraphs I, II and III are overly broad; involves the production of a substantial amount of irrelevant materials; is based on an error of law; violates a constitutional right to privacy and reputation and is thereby an abuse of discretion, which is amplified as follows:

-A CASE OF FIRST IMPRESSION-

11. The scope and the extent of the documents required to be produced under paragraph 8, subparagraph I (allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with adults) and II (allegations involving minors not involving sex), are a matter of first impression in any Illinois Appellate Court.

The Court Order would involve the inspection of approximately 700 or more files on Diocesan priests, each of said files consist of between 100 pages and up to 700 pages. To comply with the Court Order would require a thorough reading of each file.

-<u>A CASE OF FIRST IMPRESSION</u>-<u>AND</u> ERROR OF LAW

- 12. The scope and the extent of documents required to be produced as set forth in paragraph 8 subparagraph III (allegations of sexual abuse of priests with minors, that occurred prior to November 20, 1982, and were first reported to the Diocese after 1982), are also a case of first impression in Illinois Appellate Courts.
- 13. This Court's Order of Discovery on paragraph 8, subparagraph III is based on an error of law as to what would constitute admissible evidence even under Count VII as to what the Diocese would have a duty to disclose. Under that theory the only admissible evidence would be the Diocese actual knowledge of allegations prior to 1982 that had been made to the Diocese. The

production of allegations reported after 1982 to the Diocese would have no relevance to any of the cause of action plead by the Plaintiff and that information could not lead to any admissible evidence.

-CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO PRIVACY-

- 14. The disclosure of documents under Paragraph 8, subparagraph I (Misconduct of Priest with Adults), is not only completely irrelevant to the issue of child sexual abuse but is also a violation of the right to privacy and will cause emotional injury to all involved, especially if the priest was involved with a married person where spouse was unaware of the relationship.
- 15. The disclosure of said documents under Paragraph 8, subparagraphs II & III will also cause embarrassment and emotional injury to the individuals and will result in a violation of their right of privacy and reputation protected by the United States Constitution, and the Constitution of the State of Illinois, which provides as follows:

Article I, Section XII

"Every person shall find a certain remedy in the laws for all injuries and wrongs which he receives to his person, <u>privacy</u>, property or <u>reputation</u>. He shall obtain justice by law, freely, completely and promptly." (Emphasis Added)

16. It is self-evident that the mere accusation of a complaint of any type regarding a child or the committing child molestation, or being the victim of that offense, attaches a life-long stigma upon the accused, the victim and those involved, which causes long-lasting affects upon their occupational and personal endeavors and their business and personal relationships.

RIGHT OF PRIVACY NON-CREDIBLE ACCUSATIONS FALS ACCUSATIONS ANONYMOUS ACCUSATIONS

- 17. The Diocese has disclosed and made public on its website in 2006 the names of 22 priests with credible accusations of child sexual abuse (A Diocesan press release in 2004 stated there were 27 priests with credible accusations.)
- 18. However, in addition to the above disclosed priest, the Diocese has received allegations of child sexual abuse against other priests which it has not made public, and they should not be made public. These involve approximately four priests that the Diocesan Review Committee determined to be <u>not credible</u>. There were approximately four other priests where the allegations were obviously false, and there are several other priests, who have had allegations from anonymous alleged victims.
- 19. Most of the above non-credible allegations, false and anonymous allegations allegedly occurred <u>before 1982</u>, and most all were <u>reported after 1982</u>.

20. Some of the false allegations not disclosed to the public are as follows:

- a) In 2004 an adult reported to the Diocese sexual abuse by a priest when that person was age 3 (before 1982), and also alleged that her infant brother was put on a tabernacle and that abused person was made to cut off the infant's leg and eat part of it as Religious Communion.
- b) Also in 2002, the Diocese received a call from an out-of-state law enforcement office alleging that an individual had been sexually abuse by a priest in the Diocese without disclosing the accuser. Several days later, the law enforcement office informed the Diocese that the allegation was withdrawn on the basis of mistaken identity.

- c) In 1994, allegations of sexual abuse were made against two other Diocesan priests by an individual who was in his early 20's and alleged that he was abused when he was 22. Shortly thereafter, the individual's parents called the Diocese and advised that their son was off his medication and retracted the allegations. (Record of said complaint and redaction are referenced on the Diocese Privilege Log, submitted to the Plaintiff's counsel as part of Father Burnett's personnel file, as Page Nos. 117 through 120).
- 21. With reference to the non-credible allegations, false and anonymous accusations it has been the Diocese's long-standing position that the disclosure of unfounded allegations is the most deleterious types of disclosure in that it destroys the life and ministry of an unjustly accused priest who is deprived of his life-long calling. The disclosure also permanently ruins the reputation of the complainant and the witnesses who were interviewed in the investigation process.
- 22. This Court Order to disclose documents requires the weighing and balancing of competing interests, of the rights of privacy and reputation (and especially of those priests in the above categories whose names have not been made public), against the right of the Plaintiff to seek questionable information.
- 23. Although it is possible to afford some protection to the right of privacy by substituting numbers or alphabetical letters for the names of individuals, this affords only partial protection, because of other identifying information.
- 24. Also the Protective Order entered in this case cannot adequately insure that said sensitive information will not be disseminated to the public, especially in light of the Plaintiff's stated goal of obtaining all of the Diocese's records and exposing the Diocese's and the Catholic Church's, alleged conduct both before and after the Plaintiff's alleged abuse. The Plaintiff's

repeated use of defamatory information, by attaching it to his pleadings, even when the defamatory information bears little, or no, relationship to the issues to which said pleading is intended, illustrates the danger of providing the subject records and documents.

- 25. Even if the documents are submitted to the Court under seal, that is only a temporary protection during the pendency of the litigation and can be subject to later disclosure by the media under the First Amendment rights of the press. The only adequate protection is to have the issues of disclosure be resolved by the Appellate Court at this time before the potential damage occurs.
- 26. Also to require the production of priests entire files (of those publicly disclosed, as well as those not made public), will expose the identity of parishioners or individuals who have confided extremely private and personal information unrelated to accusations of sexual abuse. It will also disclose the identity of parish staff who have participated in personal evaluation of priests that does not involve accusations, and or criticism of other parish staff or parishioners.
- 27. Also, providing the names of the priests, and alleged victims and witnesses, and other identifying information is unnecessary to the points the Plaintiff is attempting to make, which appears to be the Diocese's supposed knowledge of misconduct by priests who functioned in the Diocese and the Diocese's supposed duty to disclose the frequency or infrequency of said incidents. The names and identifying information of the individuals involved does not add to, or detract from, when the incident occurred and when the Diocese became aware of it.
- 28. Even under the Plaintiff's unprecedented theory of Fraudulent Misrepresentation and/or Concealment, and the Plaintiff's alleged duty to warn of other priests' propensities to engage in child sexual abuse, the conduct of other priests with adults; the other priests non-sexual conduct with children and the other priests' sexual conduct with children that was not reported until after

the alleged abuse to the <u>Plaintiff</u> in the subject litigation, are all irrelevant and immaterial matters which have no relevance to any issue of the case.

- 29. Also the production of entire priests' files, as well as records of allegations not disclosed by the Diocese as set forth above, would violate constitutional rights to privacy and reputation.
- 30. This Court's Order requires that the Diocese examine the records of over 700 priests that span of a period of 61 years. That is unduly oppressive and burdensome and is another basis of the Court's abuse of its discretion.
- 31. Therefore, the Diocese cannot comply with this Court Order to produce the documents referred to above and set forth in Paragraph 8, subparagraph I, II & III.

WHEREFORE, the Defendant, the Roman Catholic Diocese of Joliet, Inc., a Trust, respectfully prays the Court as follows:

- A. To enter a written Order which sets forth the Court's rulings of November 23, 2010 and December 14, 2010, on the Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Discovery and which sets forth the discovery documents the Diocese is required to provide. On this point, the Diocese moves the Court to enter the Order which is attached hereto as Exhibit "C".
- B. To order that the name of all priests be deleted in any documents ordered disclosed, and alphabetical symbols substituted except for the priests whose names have been disclosed on the Diocese website as having credible allegations.

- C. To enter an order of contempt against the Diocese and impose a nominal fine thereon for the Diocese's refusal to provide the documents set forth in Paragraph 8, and the subparagraphs thereof, so that an appeal of said order of contempt can be taken pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 304(b)(5).
 - D. For such other and further relief as this Court deems just.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES C. BYRNE

CERTIFICATE OF ATTORNEY

I certify as attorney of record in this cause, that I have read the above pleading and that to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, formed after reasonable inquiry of my client, it is well grounded in fact an is warranted by existing law or a good faith argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law; that the statements contained herein concerning the lack of knowledge, if any, are true and are not interposed for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation.

As Attorney and Not Personally

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Joseph M. Laraia, Esq. LARAIA, HARRISON & LARAIA, P.C. Attorney No. 1580493 1761 S. Naperville Road, Suite 203 Wheaton, Illinois 60189 (630) 690-6800



1	STATE OF ILLINOIS)) SS.		
2	COUNTY OF WILL)		
3	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 12TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT WILL COUNTY, ILLINOIS		
4			
5	DAVID RUDOFSKI) AMANDA RUDOFSKI)		
6	Plaintiffs,)		
7	-vs-) NO. 2007 L 283		
. 8	ROMAN CATHOLIC DIOCESE OF JOLIET) FR. JAMES BURNETT)		
9	Defendants.)		
10	Defendants.		
11	REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS had at the hearing of the		
12	above-entitled cause before the Honorable MICHAEL J. POWERS,		
13	on the 23rd day of November, A.D., 2010.		
14			
15	APPEARANCES:		
16	MR. TERRENCE JOHNSON, MR. PATRICK BRADLEY, MR. DANIEL		
17	KELLY and MR. THOMAS CRONIN, Attorneys At Law Appeared on behalf of the Plaintiff;		
18	MR. STUART BRESSLER, Attorney At Law		
19	Appeared on behalf of defendant Fr. James Burnett;		
20	MR. JOSEPH LARAIA and MR. JAMES BYRNE, Attorneys At Law Appeared on behalf of defendant Roman Catholic Diocese of Joliet.		
21	Diocese of dollec.		
22	STEVE VITHOULKAS, CSR, RPR, RMR		
23	Will County Courthouse Joliet, IL 60432		
24			

- 1 THE COURT: Rudofski versus Catholic Diocese of
- 2 Joliet. Good morning.
- MR. JOHNSON: Good morning, your Honor. Terry Johnson
- 4 on behalf of the plaintiff.
- 5 MR. BRADLEY: Patrick Bradley also on behalf of the
- 6 plaintiff, your Honor.
- 7 MR. KELLY: Daniel Kelly also on behalf of the
- 8 plaintiff.
- 9 MR. CRONIN: Tom Cronin on behalf of plaintiff, your
- 10 Honor.
- 11 MR. BRESSLER: Stuart Bressler for defendant.
- MR. LARAIA: Joe Laraia and Jim Byrne on behalf of the
- 13 Diocese, your Honor.
- 14 THE COURT: All right. Now, is everyone going to be
- having a speaking part in this? Otherwise I would recommend
- that everyone, if you are not, obviously you are welcome to
- be here, have a seat, make yourself comfortable. Do we
- intend on having multiple speaking parts here?
- MR. LARAIA: Mr. Byrne may join in some of the
- 20 argument.
- 21 THE COURT: Mr. Johnson?
- MR. JOHNSON: I think I am going to do all of the
- speaking, your Honor, unless I forgot something, something
- 24 may pop up.

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1
             THE COURT:
                        Yeah. Why doesn't everyone have a seat,
 2
       make yourselves comfortable, if you want-to take notes or
                 The microphones are on, so be careful what you are
 3
       saying at the counsel table. What I'll do is all parties
       before you wrap up, if you want to consult with your
 5
       colleagues, I will give you that opportunity.
 7
            MR. JOHNSON:
                          Okay.
 8
            THE COURT: All right. We have motion to compel,
 9
       response, reply pertaining to discovery requests, correct?
10
            MR. JOHNSON: Yes, your Honor.
11
            MR. LARAIA: Yes, your Honor.
12
            THE COURT: All right. Mr. Johnson, proceed with
13
       anything you want to put on the record.
14
            MR. JOHNSON:
                          Thank you, your Honor. Just as a point
15
       of departure, does the Court wish any time limitation on us
       today? I'd be happy to comply with -- we were here one time
16
17
       and it took about an hour and a half, and Judge Kinney said
18
       if you were in the Appellate Court you each would have about
       ten minutes and I have a clerk. So I'm not trying --
19
20
                        There is a reason why Judge Kinney is the
            THE COURT:
       Chief Judge. He is a very wise man. I am a proponent of
21
22
       brevity. As you both -- all of you know, I have pretried
23
       this case multiple times. I probably have more knowledge of
      this than the average case that comes in front of me.
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24

- 1 realize what's at issue. I realize what -- generally what
- you are looking for. I realize why they are objecting... I
- don't -- I am not a big proponent of putting restrictions on
- 4 lawyers.
- 5 MR. JOHNSON: Okay.
- 6 THE COURT: But I am not encouraging you to go on and
- on. I am catching a flight out of town today for the
- 8 holidays. So keep that in mind. I don't know what the
- 9 TSA's got in store for me, so I might have to get there
- 10 early. All right. Mr. Johnson, proceed.
- MR. JOHNSON: Thanks, your Honor. As the Court has
- indicated, this is on the plaintiff's motion to compel
- documents from the diocese of Joliet. We are trying to get
- documents that the diocese has on different states, as the
- 15 previous case was, but in their archive. We took the
- deposition of the chancellor, and they confirmed that all
- the documents we're requesting are in a small little room,
- 18 two rooms, within --
- 19 THE COURT: What type of -- what type of documents are
- 20 you specifically looking for?
- MR. JOHNSON: Your Honor, as you understand from the
- 22 brief, we are asking for voluminous documents, but we have
- grouped them in categories for purposes of the presentation
- 24 today. And one of the things that we are taking a look at

- is the documents regarding priests that the Diocese of
- .2 Joliet has admitted publicly had_accusations of sexual
- 3 misconduct against them against minors.
- So, for example, your Honor, in February of 2004,
- 5 the diocese of Joliet has a press conference in which they
- 6 specifically admit that there were 27 priests who had sexual
- 7 misconduct claims made against them.
- 8 THE COURT: And they had files for each individual
- 9 priest?
- MR. JOHNSON: Yes, your Honor. And just by way of one
- 11 quote, it says, in the 54 years since the founding of the
- 12 Catholic Diocese of Joliet in '49, 27 diocesan priests had
- 13 113 credible allegations of sexual misconduct with a minor
- 14 made against them. The diocese in a report issued today --
- this is February of 2004. Of the -- I am continuing on
- quoting. Of the 27, five are deceased and eight left
- ministry within the past 30 years or so.
- They have also indicated, your Honor, that there
- were seven additional priests for whom they claim they were
- 20 not credible allegations according to the Diocese of Joliet,
- but allegations had been made. So, your Honor, our account,
- for purposes of discovery through admissions of the Diocese
- of Joliet has made, is that there are 34 priests that they
- 24 admit that had sexual misconduct allegations made against

- 1 them. And, your Honor --
- 2 THE COURT: The additional seven that were -- I don't
- 3 care what phrase you want to use, cleared, exonerated, no
- 4 credible allegations, was that pursuant to the determination
- 5 by the diocese --
- 6 MR. JOHNSON: Yes.
- 7 THE COURT: -- or some other entity such as the Will
- 8 County State's Attorney's Office, Attorney General's Office,
- 9 DuPage County State's Attorney's Office?
- MR. JOHNSON: According to the diocese, it's because
- what they decided. And Mr. Byrne has previously told me,
- formally and informally, you will never get from me files
- that show non credible allegations. But, unfortunately,
- it's non credible allegations that the diocese determines.
- 15 THE COURT: Let me ask you this. Is any of the files
- 16 that you are requesting, are any of -- you are not
- 17 requesting anything post this occurrence with Fr. Burnett in
- 18 this case, correct?
- MR. JOHNSON: For the most part, 90 percent of the
- 20 files that we're requesting took place or involved admitted
- 21 pedophiles who served in ministry before 1983.
- 22 THE COURT: Okay.
- MR. JOHNSON: There are files that we have requested
- that will lead to discoverable information. So, for

- example, we have a file that we got not from the Diocese of
- 2 Joliet, from another attorney regarding Fr. Stefanich, and
- 3 there were some events that took place after '83 and there
- 4 are some events that took place before '83. But one of the
- 5 things they show is what the custom and practice was of
- 6 Bishop Imesh post '83 of saying I'm not going to worry about
- 7 any priest unless you charge him with a crime. So unless --
- 8 THE COURT: Wait a minute. Wait. You are saying the
- 9 custom and practice post '83 is relevant as to what the
- 10 custom and practice of the diocese was at the time of this
- 11 occurrence?
- MR. JOHNSON: The standard that Bishop Imesh himself
- used, yes. But, in any event, we are talking about two
- 14 files.
- 15 THE COURT: All right. I think you have a harder time
- making your argument for the post 1983.
- 17 MR. JOHNSON: Right. I agree.
- THE COURT: Okay.
- MR. JOHNSON: Your Honor, one of the things I would
- 20 like to indicate here is that even -- this is the -- we put
- 21 this in our brief, your Honor, but this is the -- it's this
- one. This is the document that is attached to the Diocese
- of Joliet's pretrial -- I'm sorry.
- THE COURT: Can everyone see this? All right.

MR. JOHNSON: And this basically shows that when abuse occurred, and when abuse was reported. And the color code is blue is when it occurred and red is when it was reported. They have indicated that -- and we have put the numbers in there because there is a graph from Bishop Imesh's statement of 2004 where actually all the numbers come from. is just a graph of the numbers that Bishop Imesh cited or admitted to in 2004.

And one of the things it shows is that as of the 1950's, there were reports of sexual abuse, in the '60s there were reports of sexual abuse, and in the '70s there were reports of sexual abuse. Unfortunately, these are unreported. They show one abuse reported in the 1950's and we know from documents that we have received from St. Isaac Jogues sending to the Diocese of Iowa, that there was an additional person in 1958 that was sexually abused by a priest, Fr. Janssen, serving in St. Isaac Jogues' parish in Hinsdale. And that came from Diocese of Iowa's files. But this number is actually two, not one.

In addition, there are shown that there are 73 minor boys were sexually abused before 1980. They don't have it broken down by year, so in 1980 we have 38 abuses occurring and 15 abuses being reported. We don't know of that 15 how many were reported before 1983.

- 1 THE COURT: Reported to the diocese?
- MR. JOHNSON: Reported to the diocese.
- 3 THE COURT: Now, how did you come up with -- this is
- 4 Bishop Imesh's figures regarding the blue graph?
- MR. JOHNSON: Yes, your Honor. From Bishop Imesh's own.
- 6 statement from February of 2004.
- 7 THE COURT: Is that marked as an exhibit in --
- 8 MR. JOHNSON: Yes, your Honor.
- 9 THE COURT: Okay. Why don't you identify that so we
- 10 have a clean record. At least identify it by the date of
- 11 the letter or report.
- MR. JOHNSON: I'm sorry, it's a letter dated February
- 13 2004.
- 14 THE COURT: Okay.
- MR. JOHNSON: It is attached to a press release and
- it's signed by Bishop Imesh and it starts out the sexual
- 17 abuse of minors is a terrible crime.
- 18 THE COURT: Okay.
- 19 MR. JOHNSON: And on the second page of that report
- 20 there is a grid sheet that shows --
- 21 THE COURT: So you took that from his own -- his own
- 22 report?
- MR. JOHNSON: Yes, your Honor. But we didn't graph
- this. This graph actually came from the Diocese of Joliet

- 1 at the press conference. So we have made graphs, but this
- is not our graph. This is the Diocese of Joliet's graph.
- But our point is, your Honor, that even this graph under-
- 4 reports what we know they had actual knowledge of in the
- 5 50's. So one of the things that is important, and we've
- discussed this prior with your Honor, is that what did the
- 7 diocese actually know about sexual misconduct of its priests
- 8 in the '50s, the '60s, the '70s and the time before this
- 9 abuse took place during the 1982-83 academic year.
- 10 THE COURT: Is that to support your institutional
- 11 negligence claim?
- MR. JOHNSON: Yes, your Honor.
- 13 THE COURT: Okay.
- MR. JOHNSON: Your Honor, this is the graph, again.
- 15 Turn this around, Pat. This graph is in the record. This
- is the big graph that we previously indicated before, but
- this is a graph that we have prepared that's listed as graph
- number one. The title of it is Diocese of Joliet pedophile
- priests in active ministry '49 to '83. Every red graph
- 20 here -- spot here is a pedophile who served in the Diocese
- of Joliet. On the left of the 22, 23 priests that they have
- identified in their web site, it's not the 27 plus seven
- 23 that they have given us the names of, but there is a web
- site, the Diocese of Joliet's web site that lists 22

- 1 pedophiles, not 27 or 34, and then they amended to include
- 2 23.
- 3 Almost virtually -- I think 22 of the 23 that they
- 4 named all served in ministry before 1983. And as of 1983,
- 5 we are always seem to be playing with statistics, there is
- 6 close to 12 to 13 percent of the diocesan priests serving in
- 7 the Diocese of Joliet that are admitted pedophiles. We take
- 8 a look from the Catholic directory, the total number of
- 9 diocesan priests and put the ones that they have admitted
- were the pedophiles in ministry, and it's close to 13
- 11 percent.
- 12 THE COURT: Let me -- let me ask you this. My
- 13 recollection from doing these settlement conferences was
- that this was the -- this particular occurrence was the
- first and only known of to the diocese. Nothing pre-dated
- this 1983 incident for Fr. Burnett.
- 17 MR. JOHNSON: Not true, your Honor. Dan Shanahan.
- 18 MR. BYRNE: Are you talking about notice to the diocese
- 19 or --
- 20 THE COURT: Notice to the diocese.
- 21 MR. BYRNE: They didn't give notice of this until 2005.
- 22 THE COURT: What I'm saying -- no, I am not talking
- about that. I am talking about that there is no indication
- 24 that they had prior notice of any problems with Fr. Burnett

- 1 prior to this occurrence in 1983.
- 2 MR. BYRNE: Yes.
- MR. JOHNSON: That's what their claim is.
- 4 THE COURT: All right.
- 5 MR. JOHNSON: Though there was a John Doe number one,
- 6 we have his name, but not disclosed yet, has come forward
- 7 and said I was sexually abused by Fr. Burnett in the 1970s
- 8 at St. Charles parish. So we have received that
- 9 information. So there is --
- 10 THE COURT: Was that reported -- is that reported? Was
- 11 the diocese on notice?
- MR. JOHNSON: I do not know because we have not been
- 13 permitted to do discovery.
- 14 THE COURT: All right. All right.
- MR. JOHNSON: They would not give me listings of the --
- THE COURT: Hold on. You guys will have an opportunity
- 17 to respond.
- 18 THE COURT: All right. Continue, Mr. Johnson.
- 19 MR. JOHNSON: So one of the issues have to do with
- 20 Fr. Burnett. The other issues has to do with the
- 21 institutional liability and direct negligence claim, is what
- 22 did the Diocese of Joliet know, what did they have actual
- 23 knowledge of before '83, not just with respect to
- 24 Fr. Burnett, but pedophiles in active ministry, because the

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       allegations --
            THE COURT: What I am trying to get is, is what are you
 3
       trying to demonstrate here, that based on what happened in
       the diocese in the 1950s, 1960s, 1970s, that they should not
 4
 5
       have allowed priests to be in a confessional with a child?
 6
       I mean, that's the crux of this case. Is that what you are
 7
       trying to get at, that somehow there should have been a
 8
       prohibition or there should have been witnesses, someone
` 9
       observing the sacrament of reconciliation? I'm not really
10
       sure what it leads to. That's what I am trying to get at.
11
            MR. JOHNSON: Well, under the allegations that have
12
       been sustained twice in this case is we have alleged that
       the Diocese of Joliet failed to advise the public of the
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14
       risks they had actual knowledge about. They failed -- they
15
       actually concealed, we've alleged ---
                        That's what I am trying to get at.
16
            THE COURT:
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       point if the public would have known, if they would have
       come clean, for lack of a better word, that there has been
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19
       all these incidents that have been reported from the '50s,
20
       '60s, '70s, and then the public could have made a more
       informed decision, do I send my kid to this school, do I
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       send my kid to this church, is that -- is that what the
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MR. JOHNSON: Well -- yes, your Honor, under the

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implication is?

- allegations of the complaint and, also, under the testimony
- of Mrs. Rudofski in her videotaped affidavit, she said if I
- 3 would have been told that these sexual predators were around
- 4 the Diocese of Joliet in the '50s and the '60s and the '70s
- 5 before this took place, I would not have allowed Dave
- 6 Rudofski, an eight-year-old boy, to be in a confessional
- 7 alone with Fr. Burnett or any other priest. And that's one
- 8 of the gist of the cause of action of institutional
- 9 negligence.
- 10 THE COURT: All right.
- MR. JOHNSON: They took sole custody and control of a
- minor, and they did not disclose that which they had actual
- 13 knowledge about. We are also, your Honor, interested in
- 14 knowing from the files what they should have known. So you
- 15 can't bury your head in the sand about pedophilia of priests
- in ministry. So one of the things that we have tried to
- 17 categorize this is groupings. We would like the list --
- 18 Bishop Imesh has admitted in deposition that he prepared a
- 19 list of the 27. There is an actual piece of paper, a list
- of the 27 priests by name.
- 21 He's also indicated or admitted in his deposition
- that there is a list of the other seven by name. We would
- 23 like that list. We would like all files of the 34. They
- have indicated on their web site that there were 22, forward

- 1 slash, 23 pedophile priests. The numbers seem to be
- 2 changing. We'd like -- these are virtually all those
- people. I think 22 out of those 23 served in ministry
- 4 before 1983. We'd like to see those priests' files. What
- 5 I --
- 6 THE COURT: I'm losing you here, and I remember you
- 7 showing that on the graph, the 22 of 23.
- 8 MR. JOHNSON: There is a --
- 9 THE COURT: How is that different than the 34?
- MR. JOHNSON: Well, we would like to know what the
- 11 difference is. They won't tell us. They -- on the press
- release they have indicated there is 27 and 34 priests. On
- the web site -- I don't know if I have a copy.
- 14 THE COURT: All right.
- MR. JOHNSON: Here is a copy of the web site that
- 16 lists --
- 17 THE COURT: You don't know if that 23 is part of that
- 18 34? You are wanting to know?
- 19 MR. JOHNSON: Yes, your Honor.
- 20 THE COURT: All right. I got it.
- 21 MR. JOHNSON: One of the things that this document, the
- 22 public disclosure on the web site of pedophile priests does
- 23 not disclose is religious order priests that they had actual
- 24 knowledge of who were pedophiles before 1983. This is just

- with respect to diocesan order priests.
- 2 THE COURT: Hold on a second. Order priests that were
- 3 assigned to parishes or schools within the diocese?
- 4 MR. JOHNSON: Yes.
- 5 THE COURT: All right.
- 6 MR. JOHNSON: So, for example, we have as one of our
 7 exhibits, we have again from information that they have
 8 provided through the official Catholic directory, we have a
 9 listing of how many religious order priests were in the
 10 diocese from '49 to present, and from 1963 to present, there
 11 is approximately 150 religious order priests serving in the
- diocese every single year. So we are indicating if there is
- a priest who was a pedophile who was serving in a parish or
- at a certain high school and you had knowledge about it, we
- 15 want to know about it because --
- 16 THE COURT: Well, hold on. The high schools aren't
 17 governed by the diocese, right?
- MR. JOHNSON: They have Benet High -- a Catholic high school that had religious order priests, if they had a complaint and that complaint was communicated to the diocese, that was information that the diocese had about
- 22 pedophiles in ministry, and we are suggesting that that is
- relevant on the institutional claims against the diocese.
- What did they know about this problem throughout the years.

- There are religious order priests who have served in

 parishes, but, more importantly, they are just not counting those right here. They are not disclosing those.
- And we have claimed in our pleadings, which have been sustained, that they have under-reported religious order priests. One of the things, your Honor, that we are asking the Court for is all the documents that they have.

 And there are various categories of documents. There are priest files.
- 10 So, for example, a priest file looks like a -- to lawyers a small little litigation file, it could be one 11 inches thick, it could be four inches thick. Through the 12 13 chancellor's deposition that we took, they are all in a 14 little room. There is actually two rooms in the chancellery 15 office. One is for certain years, another one is other 16 So we're trying to say we would like to see those years. 17 Those files many times contains complaints by 18 parents, they contain letters and they go to the issue of 19 notice, what the diocese was told about this problem and 20 when they were told.
- We are also asking for separate files. There is a
 Vicar for Clergy, and we took the deposition of the Vicar
 General. But there are separate files that do not always go
 into a priest file. So, for example, Bishop Imesh has

- admitted in his deposition that Bishop Kaffer investigated
- 2 sexual abuse claims when he was a -- he held a title of
- 3 Vicar for Clergy for a while. He was an auxiliary bishop,
- 4 but Bishop Kaffer went out, as others did over time, and
- 5 investigated sexual abuse claims or priests who were having
- 6 problems in this area, and those documents may be in Vicar
- 7 for Clergy files, not necessarily the priest files.
- 8 We're also asking for documents to and from any
- 9 diocesan officials about the issue of sexual misconduct of
- its clergy. We then go by category to what I call
- investigation files. We found out from documents that were
- 12 given to us in Fr. Burnett's file that when they found what
- I call John Doe number one, the victim of Fr. Burnett in
- 14 1970, a couple years after Fr. Burnett was ordained, that --
- 15 we learned of information from an outside investigator that
- the Diocese of Joliet retained -- they called the Kirby
- investigation firms. He has an office on York Road, around
- 18 York and Grand, not too far from St. Charles Borromeo, and
- 19 he goes out and investigates them. He interviews witnesses,
- 20 takes statements.
- These, we believe, are part of the review
- 22 committee investigations that we'll talk about, but they
- 23 have outside investigators in addition to inside
- 24 investigators by Vicar for Clergy staff. So we are asking

for their investigative files, both outside and inside. Of
significant interest is what we call the review committee
files and hearing files for which the diocese is claiming a,
quote, qualified privilege that has never been recognized.

But what happens is that they do, since 1990 and we believe before, they have formal investigations. They have hearings. They call witnesses. Sister Judith says I take notes on my computer during all these hearings. And these are hearings about allegations of individuals who come forward and say that a priest sexually abused me or my family member, whatever. They actually take witnesses -- they take testimony. And these are investigative files and hearing files that we think there is no question that are discoverable.

There are other documents that we are requesting, all laid out in the briefs, your Honor. And I will finish shortly. We have asked for documents produced in civil litigation by the Diocese of Joliet regarding sexual misconduct of its clergy. We are asking for documents the diocese gave to the grand juries. We have had a ruling from the Court that the Grand Jury is not required to give us information, but one of the State's Attorneys said well, Judge, we shouldn't have to give you those documents because you have had the Diocese of Joliet give Mr. Johnson those

- 1 documents.
- 2. So we are specifically asking for give us the
- documents, you, Mr. Diocese of Joliet, gave to the grand
- 4 juries. We are also asking for the names of all individuals
- 5 who made complaints against any priest, including Bishop
- 6 Ryan. One of the issues in this case that was ruled on,
- 7 your Honor, I am not trying to go back there, but you said
- 8 you are not going to get documents about sexual misconduct
- 9 of Bishop Ryan who was an auxiliary bishop at the time David
- 10 Rudofski was abused. You are not going to get those down in
- 11 Springfield because once he goes down to Springfield, it's
- 12 too remote.
- But we have asked for information in discovery
- 14 regarding sexual misconduct of a diocesan official while he
- 15 was serving in the Diocese of Joliet. We have had an
- affidavit from Fr. Tom Doyle who is a canon lawyer, a
- Dominican lawyer. We have also had briefs on this subject.
- 18 But if you have a diocesan official, auxiliary bishop, Vicar
- 19 for Clergy chancellor who is guilty of sexual misconduct
- 20 himself, we believe that is critically relevant on the issue
- 21 of institutional liability.
- 22 THE COURT: Well, let me back up a little bit. You are
- 23 talking about civil litigation documents.
- MR. JOHNSON: Yes.

1 THE COURT: What are you specifically looking for? 2 MR. JOHNSON: They have filed lawsuits and they have ... 3 given plaintiffs' lawyers documents on individual priests. We're saying if you gave those documents up, give me the 4 5 documents you gave in civil litigation. They have -- they 6 have insurance coverage litigation for sexual abuse. 7 have asked specifically if you have given documents, this is 8 not a privilege, you got coverage litigation. Give us the documents, those that you have given up already. 9 10 be pretty simple. 11 They have an issue of burdensome, your Honor. Wе 12 do not believe that the documents that we request are 13 burdensome. At best, they are 50 files. They are in one 14 room or two rooms in the chancellery office. We have also 15 asked for what we call secret archive files. By canon law. 16 there is this thing called the secret archive in every 17 single diocese. We asked the chancellor about it. In the 18 basement of the chancellery office, there is a little room, and inside the little room there is like a little file 19 20 cabinet. They've got special locks on it and it's called 21 the secret archive. 22 Bishop Imesh in his deposition has confirmed that 23 documents with respect to sexual misconduct are in that

secret archive. In addition, by canon law, if somebody

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- dies, they can destroy these documents, but they keep
- 2 . summaries. So when we talk to Sister Judith, the
- 3 chancellor, about filling out the clergy files for the John
- 4 Jay study and the diocesan files, we asked her, where did
- 5 you get the names. Well, we got the names from the bishop.
- 6 Did you get a list? Oh, I don't know. We said what did you
- 7 do? We went to the priest files. Did you look in the
- 8 secret archives to fill out the information for the John Jay
- 9 study? No, I did not.
- So by her own admission when she is the only one that filled out this information of the clergy abuse files
- or the clergy surveys and the victim surveys, she said I did
- not consult with the secret archive. We know from Bishop
- 14 Imesh that others have put documents -- sexual misconduct
- documents in there. We would like a review of that secret
- archive. There are -- we believe of the 30 to 50 files that
- 17 we believe will show what they actually know and what they
- should have known, it will take us three or four lawyers a
- 19 week to look at.
- We are looking to take a look at the original
- 21 files, not redacted files. We are happy to have a
- 22 protective order that keeps protected the names of victims
- who have not been publicly disclosed. But we need to see
- 24 who the victims are because a victim said I told somebody in

- 1 1955 that this was a problem or 1960 or 1970, before 1983.
- We believe those are discoverable. Thanks, Mr. Bradley.
- 3 The John Jay report -- John Jay study required the
- 4 diocese to take a look at religious order priests as part of
- 5 their inquiry. Also of interest when we take a look at
- 6 the -- when we talked -- the mental health files, we believe
- we should have an in camera review for. Sister Judith, the
- 8 chancellor, said I took a look at mental health files,
- 9 psychiatric files of pedophile priests who were sent for
- 10 treatment. Those were in the file, I took a look at them.
- And, actually, there is some questions that are asked by
- John Jay, did this person go for treatment to one of these
- ten or 15 places where they sent priests with sexual
- 14 disorder problems. And it said yes. Did that priest admit
- 15 during treatment that he had victims or had problems? Yes
- 16 or no.
- 17 So in this public disclosure that they made six or
- seven years ago about this study, the public disclosure had
- 19 to do with data that was reviewed by the chancellor in this
- 20 diocese, and it included a review of psychiatric records.
- 21 We believe, your Honor, that with respect to the psychiatric
- 22 and mental health records, it's critically relevant about
- 23 what the diocese knew, had actual knowledge about during the
- 24 time. We believe that the appropriate remedy was to be --

- was to take those records, whether it be Fr. Burnett's or
- others, and have an in camera review so that you can
- determine whether they are privileged or not privileged. We
- 4 don't get them, the records will be reserved. If they are
- 5 not privileged, we'll take an order of court at the
- 6 appropriate time.
- 7 THE COURT: Response?
- 8 MR. LARAIA: May it please the Court. Judge, I looked
- 9 at this matter with reference to seeing if I could put these
- in categories that would be easier for you to get a handle
- on and then those which didn't fall within those categories.
- And as I see it, the plaintiff's request, and I submit that
- this motion is extremely important, and I am sure you
- 14 recognize that from the pretrials because the way this case
- 15 will go is it will either be tried about whether or not
- 16 Fr. Burnett abused Mr. Rudofski and whether Mr. Rudofski
- 17 suffered injuries from it for which he should or should not
- 18 be compensated, or a total review of all of the records of
- the diocese for whatever purpose the plaintiff wants to do
- 20 it.
- 21 And I respectfully submit on behalf of the diocese
- that the latter purpose is not the purpose of this lawsuit.
- 23 But looking at the specifics --
- 24 THE COURT: But isn't there an institutional negligence

1 count?

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2 I am going to get to that, if I may, MR. LARAIA: 3 Judge, yes. What they call institutional negligence isn't an action called institutional negligence. Institutional 5 negligence, and the cases even that Counsel has cited, is a 6 recognition by the Court that an employer can be responsible 7 for the actions of its employee beyond the vicarious liability, and that that is what in one case they called 9 institutional negligence. 10 What is encompassed in institutional negligence is 11 really the act of negligent hiring and/or supervision, because that's the gist of the action from which it came out 12 13 So when we talk about institutional negligence, it 14 isn't that under this idea of institutional negligence it's 15 a whole separate cause of action. All the cases that deal with sexual misconduct that have to do with imposing 16 liability upon an employer has to do with negligent hiring 17 18 and/or supervision. When you look at the Illinois cases, 19 that's where it centers upon. 20 THE COURT: But isn't the theory -- the public policy 21 behind that is that it's not some unsuspecting employer 22 that's never had any problems before hires a person, is caught off guard, versus an employer where there's been a 23

so-called track record going back to the '50s, the '60s, the

1 '70s, that puts them on notice that, you know, there might 2 - be a problem. Isn't that what the distinction is? 3 MR. LARAIA: I don't believe so, your Honor. When you look at the Boy Scout case, that's what they tried to do in 4 5 the Boy Scout case, exactly what Mr. Johnson is trying to do 6 here, go through statistics and numbers and come with some 7 formulas that say there are an unusual amount of these types 8 of situations of abuse or negligence on behalf of the 9 employers that he should have been aware of and should have 10 had a duty to warn, and the Court rejected that. 11 doesn't accept that. It may be in another jurisdiction, it may be in 12 13 California, it may be in Pennsylvania, but it isn't here in 14 Illinois. And so, if I may, what we have to talk about, what is relevant to the causes of action. 15 And as we cited 16 the law in relevance, before discovery, as you well know, 17 because you applied it every day, Manz versus Briel 18 (phonetic), Supreme Court Rule 201B1, Lissam (phonetic), 19 those cases talk about the matter must be relevant to the 20 causes of action. And what are the causes of action that he talk -- that are pled here? 21 22 One is vicarious liability, of which we objected 23 to, because the cases that are under vicarious liability that pertain to sexual abuse or criminal conduct all say 24

- that criminal conduct is beyond the scope of the employment.
- 2 However, that cause of action is here. The second is
- 3 negligent hiring and/or supervision. And all the cases
- 4 under negligent hiring and supervision, and we cited all the
- 5 sexual cases to the Court, all talk about the employer
- 6 knowledge of this employee's particular propensity which
- 7 relates to the injury that was caused. That's what it is.
- 8 It doesn't talk about the lawyer's knowledge or
- 9 the employer's knowledge in general of his other employees'
- 10 conduct that put him on some notice or some duty to warn or
- duty to notify people about that. And the clearest would be
- drivers in a delivery company. A delivery company driver
- causes -- has an accident. Are they entitled to -- is the
- 14 plaintiff entitled to all of the other accidents caused by
- all of the other employees to show that that -- there were
- an unusual number of accidents? I submit no. The -- all of
- 17 the cases that talk about negligent hiring and/or
- 18 supervision are very specific that the conduct must be that
- 19 which relates to the kind of injury.
- 20 And the sexual cases, conduct has to do with
- 21 tardiness, it has to do with other type of misfunctions on
- 22 behalf of the employee were not admissible. It's those --
- 23 that conduct which goes --
- 24 THE COURT: Now you are talking about a different

- 1 standard. We are talking about what's discoverable. We're
- 2 not talking about what's admissible.
- 3 MR. LARAIA: I understand.
- 4 THE COURT: This is broader than what's admissible at
- 5 trial. We all agree with that.
- 6 MR. LARAIA: And I am well aware that relevance as it
- 7 pertains to discovery is considerably broader. However, in
- 8 the cases that I have cited you, there still must be a
- 9 threshold with reference to the theory of the case that the
- information goes to. I submit that their theory of the case
- is that the diocese, because it had general knowledge that
- some priest had committed some pedophile conduct, put it
- under an obligation to warn the parishioners of that. And I
- submit there is no case in Illinois that comes anywhere
- 15 close to that.
- All of the cases, and rightfully so, talk about
- putting on behalf of the employer the responsibility when
- they become aware of this employee's responsibility. For
- 19 example, in the driver case, we will take a cab company, if
- they hire a driver who has had five DUI's before, they were
- negligent in the hiring and/or supervision, and their
- responsibility is to get rid of him or to keep him away from
- 23 driving, put him as a dispatcher. But to say that the
- 24 plaintiff can show that other drivers have had DUI's, that

certainly is far beyond the relevancy of this particular

case and the negligent hiring or supervision as it pertains

3 to this employee.

supervision and under their fraudulent concealment, which is, again, I respectfully submit, another theory that there are no cases to support, but we have it in this particular case, the conduct of other priests which is generally the bulk of the discovery that they are seeking, the first category, other priest conduct, is irrelevant, doesn't meet the threshold responsibility. And I submit that even complaints that were made to the diocese of other priests, other than Fr. Burnett, we concede that any complaints that the diocese received, accusations of Fr. Burnett prior to 1983, which is the date that they alleged the plaintiff in this particular case was sexually abused in a confession, those, I submit, we are required to turn over, and I submit that we have turned those over.

However, there were none in the disclosures that we made and everything that we know that occurred prior to 1983. None. The first complaint against Fr. Burnett was made in 2004 -- or 2005, and later -- 2006. That's it.

December of 2005 and later in 2006. None before 1983. We submit that we've turned over his entire file except for

1 certain privileged materials, and we submit that that's what 2 they are entitled to. We submit that when you are talking.... 3 about other priests and they ask for it in different -- in 4 different ways. They ask for it in reference to records 5 subpoenaed by the State's Attorneys, records submitted in 6 civil litigation, request number six, insurance litigation 7 records, the John Jay college survey, the press release information, diocese, the priests disclosure on the web 8 9 site, Bishop Ryan's file. 10 And we've answered with reference to Bishop Ryan that we have no records of any complaints against Bishop 11 12 Ryan while he was serving in the Diocese of Joliet from 19 I 13 think it was '64 to '84. Internal correspondence re other 14 priest accusations falls in the same category. 15 policies of sexual abuse. Diocesan records concerning the 16 transfer of priests. Priest personnel files that pertain to 17 Fr. Virtue, who is another priest totally separate from Documents authored by seven bishops and monsignors. 18

Any documents that have to do with other priests we respectfully submit, are irrelevant and immaterial to the causes of action, vicarious liability which talks about the negligence of this employee in this particular event.

Negligent hiring and/or supervision, which talks about the conduct of this particular employee that's known to the

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- 1 diocese or should have been known to the diocese before 2 1983, and the fraudulent concealment, which is exactly the 3 same as negligent hiring and supervision. 4 All the cases that deal with sexual abuse, 5 criminal conduct of an employee, fall in the negligent 6 hiring and/or supervision theory. The fraudulent 7 misrepresentation was rejected in Doe versus Dilling which 8 is a 2008 Illinois Supreme Court case, and we've cited four 9 other cases on that particular matter. The matter with 10 reference to -- and the point that you raised which is 1983,
- knowledge before, knowledge after. We submit again that the knowledge that we had of Fr. Burnett before, discoverable.

 Act as agents of other priests of accusations before 1983 that were learned before 1983, we submit irrelevant, not discoverable. Actions of priests prior to 1983 that were learned after 1983, we submit not discoverable.

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How could, under any of the theories, it be reasonable for the diocese to disclose something to Mr. Rudofski's parents that would keep them from delivering the child for his first confession? He was not a student at the school. He was there for religious education, something they didn't learn about until after the alleged abuse. I think it's just obvious on its face.

In short, with reference to other priests'

1 conduct, because that's exact -- that's the main gist of the plaintiff's request, we're either going to discover matters 2 that have to do with 50 years of records, 50 years of priest 3 4 files, 50 years of matters that have nothing at all to do 5 with this particular case or any recognizable theory, or we 6 are going to try the case, which I respectfully submit they 7 have tried to plead in this particular case is whether or not the diocese had knowledge or should have had knowledge 8 9 of Fr. Burnett to have either taken him out of service or put him into some duty that had nothing to do with the 10 11 dealing with parishioners or dealing with children. 12 The second area, if I may, your Honor, has to do with review records, review committee investigations and 13 And in that they have asked for the review 14 15 committee records pertaining to Mr. Rudofski, the review 16 committee records pertaining to Dan Shanahan who is -- who alleged that Fr. Burnett abused him, and the review records 17 18 of Tim Shanahan who said he was abused by Fr. Virtue, a different priest. And the general review committee records 19 20 in general. 21 We have cited to the Court the Chicago Bar Association case which talks about a qualified privilege. 22 The qualified privilege, I respectfully submit, is 23 recognized in Illinois. It has to do -- it's recognized by 24

- 1 Wigmore On Evidence, and we have cited that in our response
- as well. And what it pertains to are matters of
- 3 investigations where the information is important to obtain
- 4 and evaluations are important to get, and the chief factor
- is that they were provided with assurances of
- 6 confidentiality.
- 7 THE COURT: You are talking about like peer review?
- 8 Peer review like doctors do?
- 9 MR. LARAIA: Something like that, yes, sir. And
- 10 that -- and that under those circumstances, they should be
- 11 kept confidential. With reference to the review committee's
- records pertaining to Mr. Rudofski's claim, we submit the
- qualified privilege applies there. With reference to Dan
- 14 Shanahan, we submit his accusations against Fr. Burnett were
- 15 not reported until 2005, so they are irrelevant to any
- 16 notice that the diocese had.
- 17 And we are speaking now with reference to the
- 18 three theories which they have against the diocese. All are
- 19 predicated upon the diocese's notice or should have had
- 20 notice of Fr. Burnett's conduct prior to 1983. Also, the
- 21 qualified privilege would fall in there as well. With
- 22 reference to Tim Shanahan's complaints against Fr. Virtue,
- 23 that's even another step removed. Not only is it a
- 24 qualified privilege, but whatever Fr. Virtue is accused to

- 1 have done to Tim Shanahan, which again did not even surface
- until. 2005, doesn't have anything to do at all with any of.
- 3 the three theories of liability that they have against the
- 4 diocese. And we submit that those as well should not be
- 5 submitted.
- 6 They asked for a list of the names in request
- 7 number 1.27 of the individuals who appeared before the
- 8 review committee. It's a Rule 214 request. It's requesting
- 9 us to prepare a document that doesn't exist, which I submit
- is not within the purview of Supreme Court Rule 214.
- 11 THE COURT: Well, what was the response that you gave?
- What was the response you gave to that particular request?
- MR. LARAIA: Under 1.27? Give me one second, Judge.
- 14 The response we gave was the diocese objects to creating a
- 15 list of witnesses. That is not the purpose and subject of
- 16 Rule 214 requests.
- 17 Secondly, the proceedings before the diocese are
- 18 privileged pursuant to the qualified privilege.
- 19 THE COURT: All right. But that -- you can say that
- 20 that document does not exist.
- 21 MR. LARAIA: There is no -- yes.
- 22 THE COURT: Hold on. You will get your chance. I
- 23 mean, it seems to me I would have responded that document
- does not exist and then put the language that you did in

- terms of 214 as required you to procure that document or
- create it or whatever you want to say. All-right....
- 3 Continue.
- 4 MR. LARAIA: Yes, sir. The third category, your Honor,
- 5 are the mental health records. And under this, even if the
- diocese wanted to turn over all the health records, the
- 7 mental health records of Fr. Burnett, they cannot.
- 8 THE COURT: They are saying -- in camera inspection is
- 9 what they are saying. They didn't say just flat out hand
- them over to Mr. Johnson. They want me to review them and
- see whether the Mental Health Act applies and whether there
- is a privilege or not for me to make the determination, not
- for the diocese to make that determination, which is not
- 14 unusual. We get that every other day here.
- 15 MR. LARAIA: I understand. But 740 ILCS 110 talks
- 16 about -- in the Norza (phonetic) case and the Rita case that
- 17 we've cited talk about the records not being subject to the
- 18 privilege. The disclosure of the mental health records to
- 19 the diocese doesn't waive Fr. Burnett's right. And, in
- 20 fact, as being turned over, I think it's under Section 10 of
- 21 the act, we cannot turn them over. It prohibits --
- 22 THE COURT: Absent a court order.
- MR. LARAIA: Absent a court order.
- 24 THE COURT: Right.

- 1 MR. LARAIA: That is true.
- THE COURT: They are requesting a court order, you
- 3 understand that.
- 4 MR. LARAIA: And we submit that they are exempt and
- 5 protected. The Village of Stickney case that they talk
- about did not turn over records, it turned over the
- 7 recommendation of the psychologist. And I am sure you are
- 8 more than familiar with the Village of Stickney case. In
- 9 that particular case, they asked for records, and the Court
- said no, you don't get the records. And until you can show
- that the privilege doesn't exist, there shouldn't be an in
- 12 camera turn-over. And I believe that's --
- 13 THE COURT: Well, I presume you are not in possession
- of the raw data. You shouldn't be in possession of it.
- MR. LARAIA: From the psychologist, no.
- 16 THE COURT: Yeah. I presume what you have are
- 17 recommendations or some type of synopsis or something like
- 18 that.
- 19 MR. LARAIA: Or a report concerning the evaluation.
- 20 THE COURT: Yeah.
- 21 MR. LARAIA: But under the act, I submit to your Honor
- we can't even turn that over. And I believe that
- 23 Fr. Burnett's attorneys have made that objection as well.
- 24 So I submit that Fr. Burnett's mental health records and the

- mental health records which I believe Mr. Johnson asked for today concerning all of the other priests, certainly not
- only are the other priests' matters irrelevant, but they are
- 4 also protected by the Mental Health and Developmental
- 5 Disabilities Act.
- The next category, your Honor, is a diocese policy
- 7 questions. And they ask for the diocese policies on sexual
- abuse, documents authored by seven bishops and monsignors
- 9 concerning sexual abuse.
- 10 THE COURT: Is there a time frame in terms of the
- 11 policies as to what particular time?
- MR. LARAIA: They have asked for them since the
- beginning of the diocese to the present, which is like 50
- 14 years. With reference to the diocese, and I submit they are
- irrelevant, the policies, because what is relevant pertains
- to the three causes of action, and I apologize for being
- 17 repetitive. But beside that, we have answered that by
- 18 giving them -- we have produced the policies for 1990, 1993,
- 19 1997 and 2003, and have said those are the policies we have
- 20 had. So we have told him we have already answered that.
- 21 With reference to the documents authored by the bishops,
- they asked for all documents authored by them.
- We -- not only do we submit they are irrelevant,
- 24 but the diocese has produced the special pastoral statements

1 for 1990, 1993, 1997 and 2003. The charter for the .2 protection of children and the essential norms of the 3 diocese, we've produced those. So we have even made 4 compliance with what we have concerning that. 5 further, seeks not only the irrelevant material but is -would be unduly burdensome and overly broad because that 6 7 would require us to go through every record that the diocese 8 has concerning -- to find every pronouncement that any 9 bishop or monsignor or anyone on behalf of the diocese made concerning sexual abuse. And I submit we have not -- we 10 should not be required in discovery to have to do that. 11 12 The next policy question that they have asked is 13 policies on the background checks of employees, priests and seminarians from 1949 to the present. I submit that what 14 our policies were concerning the -- whether we run 15 16 background checks or don't run background checks I submit is irrelevant to the three causes of action, even including 17 18 negligent hiring and/or supervision, and we have given them the documents we have complied by giving them the 1990, 1993 19 20 and 1997 policy statements and saying that none existed before 2003. So we have complied with that one. 21 22 The policies on sexual abuse, same argument of relevancy, your Honor, and we have given them the '90, '93, 23 '97 and 2003. So I submit that even though we object for 24

- the record to providing it, we have given them the policies
- 2. that were there.
- The next category, your Honor, I kind of look at
- 4 as somewhat repetitive of some of these, but in order to
- 5 make sure that we cover all of them, are other requests that
- 6 may not have been covered. The civil litigation, this
- 7 pertains to other priests' conduct again, the same other
- 8 priest conduct argument, the same 1983 before and after
- 9 argument. And, also, in the litigation, I believe in some
- of them there are protective orders with reference to the
- 11 disclosure. I submit that that -- again, we should not be
- required to provide that. The same thing with insurance
- 13 litigation.
- 14 The next is the John Jay College surveys. On the
- John Jay College surveys, we provided them with an affidavit
- 16 that we only completed the survey on priests that we knew
- 17 had credible allegations that we sent to the John Jay.
- 18 Again, that's other priest conduct that we were instructed
- 19 not to keep a copy, we didn't keep a copy, so we have
- 20 nothing to turn over on that. And so we have answered we
- 21 have no documents that pertain to that other than what we
- had submitted to them of which we don't have a copy. So on
- that one, I believe we have complied.
- The request with reference to the 27 priests and

- the press release of whom there were credible allegations,
- 2 that falls in the other priests category, immaterial, that I
- 3 submit we should not have to provide. And if the Court were
- 4 to consider that that were relevant in some fashion to the
- 5 three actions which they have pled, the Court, I
- 6 respectfully submit, should not give any complaints that we
- 7 received after 1983.
- 8 When you look at his chart, his chart talks about
- 9 priests that were in active duty prior to 1983. It doesn't
- say when allegations of those priests that they have
- indicated on the chart supposedly had accusations against
- 12 them when the diocese became aware of those. And I submit
- that any accusations against those priests, if the Court
- were to go down that avenue, that came after 1983, I submit
- we should not have to provide.
- 16 THE COURT: You are saying even -- just allegations,
- 17 not occurrences. You are talking about --
- 18 MR. LARAIA: Occurrences that occurred before 1983 for
- 19 allegations that occurred after 1983.
- 20 THE COURT: Well, I think the problem there is that I
- 21 think the point that I presume Mr. Johnson is trying to make
- is that not only what the diocese knew, but what they should
- 23 have known. I mean, that's typically, you know, a
- 24 catch-all. So I don't know that that exonerates or doesn't

- 1 make it discoverable --2 MR. LARAIA: Well --3 THE COURT: -- just because it didn't come -- wasn't 4 alleged until after 1983. Do you understand the distinction? 5 6 MR. LARAIA: I understand the distinction. 7 THE COURT: All right. All right. Continue. I am just pointing it out. 8 9 MR. LARAIA: Okay. With reference to the photos of 10 Fr. Burnett, we have provided them with a photo and said we 11 don't have any others, but we have since sent Mr. Johnson a 12 letter saying we are going to look and see if we can find 13 more photos and we will provide that. With reference to the list of employees that they 14 15 have asked for at the two churches where Fr. Burnett served, we have said we don't have a list, but we will try to create 16 17 a list and provide them with that information. discovery -- they want -- they have asked to see the diocese 18 19 library. We have answered we don't have a library.
- With reference to Bishop Ryan, Janssen, Rapp and
 Virtue's records, we have answered with reference to Bishop
 Ryan we have no records of any abuse that he's alleged to
 have occurred while in the diocese. Janssen, Rapp and
 Virtue, I submit, are other priests whose conduct are

1 irrelevant, and I submit we should not have to provide those 2 for the reasons that I have argued here a number of times. 3 Request Number 19 is an overall catch-all internal correspondence of sexual abuse; irrelevant, overly broad, 4 5 unduly burdensome. Records concerning the transfer of 6 priests, again, irrelevant, overly broad, unduly 7 burdensome. They have asked for the file on Fr. Virtue. Ι believe I have already touched on that. He is a separate 8 9 He did serve during the same time Fr. Burnett 10 served at St. Mary's in Mokena where Mr. Rudofski and 11 Mr. Shanahan claim that Fr. Burnett abused them. 1.2 I submit there are no allegations that Dan Shanahan or Mr. Rudofski were abused by Fr. Virtue, and I 13 14 submit that his conduct is irrelevant to this particular 15 Photographs of Fr. Virtue. We provided them with 16 one, so we don't have -- and sent them a letter saying we are going to look for them. Priests' legal fees, documents 17 18 concerning that, I think that falls in the same thing with 19 irrelevant information. Allegations prior to 1983 concerning other 20 21 priests, I've argued that to the Court here a number of 22 I won't be repetitive. 31 is documents produced in 23 other cases. I have argued that already to the Court.

Background checks on John Doe. John Doe is an occurrence

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that involves Fr. Burnett that supposedly occurred prior to the alleged abuse to Mr. Rudofski. We provided them with information concerning that as part of Fr. Burnett's file. However -- and we have informed them that we did do a background check on him. He has asked that that be held confidential and that any information with reference to him we are attempting to abide by his confidentiality request, and we'd ask the Court not to provide that.

Raffer's knowledge of other priests, our argument would go the same there. I am begging the Court's indulgence. Their interrogatory number one requests relevant and discoverable information without waiving any of the objections -- I'm sorry. Interrogatory number one asks the diocese to describe what investigation the Roman Catholic Diocese of Joliet through its employees, agent, representatives or assigns has ever done surrounding the allegations of the plaintiff's complaint as it relates to the question of whether Fr. Burnett engaged in any sexual conduct with minor boys or otherwise broke his vow of promise of celibacy at any time of his ordination.

We have objected to providing any information concerning the vow of celibacy because I submit that it's irrelevant and immaterial. It has to do with whether or not

a priest will marry. Whether a priest will marry or not has 1 2 nothing to do at all with any alleged abuse to-3 Mr. Rudofski. It says please include the answers to these interrogatories the names and contact information of all 4 individuals that have been interviewed by any such person 5 described above, a summary of what they said and who 6 7 interviewed and spoke with them. Please also include a 8 response whether any written or oral recorded videos were 9 This request includes any investigation of the review board. 10 11 I submit I've argued that with reference to relevancy, also with reference to privilege, with reference 12 to the qualified privilege. The -- I believe we have 13 responded to that adequately by our answer, and that's in 14 15 our response. The last, I believe, is the plaintiff's 16 interrogatory number six which asks for Bishop Kaffer's 17 knowledge concerning other priests' conduct, and I believe 18 Mr. Johnson alluded to that with reference to the secret 19 20 files and any investigations he may have done. answered that by saying without waiving the objections, the 21 diocese states on information and belief Bishop Kaffer did 22 not participate in any investigation or inquiry regarding 23 allegations of child sexual abuse against Fr. Burnett 24

- because he retired on August 15, 2002, and at that time
- 2 Mr. Rudofski had not notified the diocese. So I believe we
- 3 have complied.
- 4 Respectfully, your Honor, the most important
- 5 aspect, at least as far as where this case goes in
- 6 discovery, concerns their theory of the case and the
- 7 diocese's theory of the case. Whether it's everything --
- 8 every allegation against any priest at any time is part of
- 9 the proof of the three counts that are against us or whether
- it's limited to that which the law requires, and that has to
- 11 do with Fr. Burnett.
- I respectfully submit that the Court -- that it's
- a whole different aspect of discovery, it's one that
- involves thousands of hours and numerous depositions as
- 15 compared with the simple cause of action which is what the
- diocese knew about Fr. Burnett or should have known about
- 17 him, not what the diocese knew about other priests. And I
- 18 respectfully ask the Court to deny their request.
- 19 THE COURT: Mr. Byrne?
- 20 MR. BYRNE: Your Honor, there is no legal duty to
- 21 disclose that which you do not know. We have challenged
- 22 plaintiff's attorney to cite some authority. They have
- 23 cited none. Take a step backwards. Their theory is a duty
- 24 to warn. Assuming there is a duty to warn, it's a duty to

- warn with information -- actual information that you have so
- 2 that one can protect themselves. And that means if there is
- a duty to warn, any allegation or related documents that the
- 4 diocese had prior to David Rudofski being abused, if there
- 5 was a duty to warn, that had to be disclosed so
- 6 Mrs. Rudofski could protect her son.
- 7 Now, and the Court has used this phrase, well,
- 8 what about after 1982 or '83 and into the '90s, the diocese
- 9 receives an allegation for the very first time about some
- other priest, not Fr. Burnett, and it relates to something
- 11 that happened in 1970, and then the -- this is the phrase
- used. Well, one could then argue in 1990, even though the
- diocese had its first knowledge, maybe they should have
- 14 known.
- 15 By the way, even if you followed that tortured
- logic, they should have known, but they couldn't have
- 17 disclosed it. And I get back to that same point over and
- over again, every allegation that came in afterwards,
- 19 even -- even if assuming that the diocese somehow should
- 20 have known, one can now do the illogical thing and say,
- 21 well, you didn't disclose that which you should have known.
- 22 By the way, there is no case. If they had a case on that,
- your Honor, then your Honor might say, well, you know, that
- 24 information might lead to other relevant information. But

- there is no such case. And, therefore, I think the cutoff
- 2 is when David Rudofski was abused.
- Allegations that came in afterwards, even if they
- 4 relate to what occurred before, couldn't possibly have any
- 5 relevance, no matter if you approach it on a pragmatic basis
- 6 or a legal basis.
- 7 THE COURT: Isn't that the ostrich defense, though,
- 8 bury your head in the sand and --
- 9 MR. BYRNE: Your Honor, let me address where they
- should have known comes in, okay, because it's under a duty
- 11 to warn. It's altogether different. That is not really a
- defense on the negligent hiring, okay, because if you had
- the truckdriver with the DUI and the employer ducks his head
- and doesn't do an investigation, and if they had, they'd
- 15 find out there were five or six DUI's, the Court imposes
- liability for that particular employee on the basis of
- 17 should have known. There is no question about it.
- But that's the only time the should have known
- 19 theory is utilized. It's never utilized on the duty to
- 20 warn. By the way, your Honor, just take the concept, the
- 21 duty to warn -- I mean, the overall heading is you have
- 22 misrepresented by not disclosing, you have done something
- deliberate, you held something back. When you shift that to
- this whole concept of, well, maybe you could have known and

- if you could have, then maybe you should have, I mean that 1 2 is so far removed, and, again, I will just conclude that concept with there is no case that they can cite. 3 4 Your Honor, maybe I can simplify some of this 5 other issues on different files. A priest's file contains a 6 variety of constitutional privacy rights which have nothing 7 to do with sexual abuse, okay? They have parishioners 8 writing in, complaining about employees, about other priests 9 which have nothing to do -- with their sermons, about what 10 happened to the individual's personal family. There could 11 have been an abortion, there could have been a child 12 pregnancy. I am giving the Court that background because 13 those are constitutional privacy rights. 14 Whatever the Court orders to be disclosed, I would 15 ask the Court that it would limit it to an allegation and 16 related documents, meaning letters, memos, interviews, 17 allegations of child sexual abuse and related documents, with one exception, one exception, and that is the priest --18 19 the very priest who is accused. Then his entire file should 20 be produced absent attorney-client mental health.
- 22 THE COURT: You only confined that request on the 23 priests' files to anything pertaining to abuse?

get into that --

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MR. JOHNSON: I cannot take their interpretation of

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       abuse, no, your Honor. What they have given me with respect
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       to Fr. Burnett should be equally produced on all the
       priests' files that were pedophiles before 1983 who have
 3
       served in ministry. If it's a motion in limine in terms of
 4
 5
       what you are going to produce at time of trial, that's a
       different issue. If it's a protective order -- but what
 6
 7
       they want to show me is far less than what I think is
       discoverable, even under the allegations of the complaint.
 8
 9
       So, your Honor, I can't take their version of discovery.
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            THE COURT:
                       All right. Continue.
11
                        If I may. Your Honor, the primary source
            MR. BYRNE:
12
       of allegations and knowledge is within the chancellery
       office, and secondary sources just lead us down an avenue
13
       which is lengthy and gets us nowhere. Here is what I mean
14
15
       by a secondary source. If there is an allegation against a
       priest, okay, it's in the chancellery office files, period.
16
       The fact that it may have at one point been sent to a
17
18
       State's Attorney, that's a secondary source. To go in that
       direction, we now have to focus on what was turned over to
19
       the State's Attorney, what years was it, and what
20
       individuals did it relate to.
21
22
                 The fact that those primary source records were
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22 The fact that those primary source records were 23 turned over in civil litigation, we have the same thing. 24 Those are secondary sources. If, in fact, the Court is

- ordering the turn-over of records, they are within the
- chancellery office. By the way, there is additional
- 3 problems on civil litigation records because in each and
- 4 every case that's been filed there is protective orders, and
- 5 in each and every one of those cases -- well, I will stop
- 6 there.
- 7 Let me mention, and I fully appreciate that this
- 8 Court is not bound by what any other trial court has done in
- 9 this jurisdiction. A priest accused, the entire priest file
- is produced. If in rem any other priest file -- any other
- allegations are requested, it's not the entire priest's file
- of anybody else, it's merely the allegations. And that's if
- and when that is produced.
- 14 Your Honor, the review committee records. The
- 15 review committee didn't come into existence until 1990.
- 16 David Rudofski is 1982. The review committee records, your
- 17 Honor -- and I don't want to repeat what Mr. Laraia did on
- 18 the basis of the law and the Chicago Bar Association cases.
- 19 If, in fact, any of those were relevant, if they were, they
- would pertain to Fr. Burnett, not records after 1990
- 21 regarding some other priest whose allegation came in after
- 22 1990. Your Honor, I have nothing further. Oh -- no, I have
- 23 nothing further. I am chafing at the bit. I apologize.
- MR. JOHNSON: Your Honor, Mr. Laraia misstates the

- institutional liability claims that are pending in this 1 2 Count 7, fraudulent misrepresentation and 3 nondisclosure of facts under restatement 557A and 310. 4 Specifically we have alleged at page 56 -- or paragraph 56 the Diocese of Joliet through their bishops, agents, 5 officials and attorneys has had actual knowledge that 6 predatory and pedophile priests have been in active and 7 8 unrestricted ministry in the Catholic Church at all relevant 9 times between '49 and '85; '49 being the inception of the 10 diocese, '85 with respect -- I'd say '83, two years from the 11 time of the abuse. 12 Armed with that knowledge, the Diocese of Joliet hid from its parishioners, including David Rudofski and his 13 Also, the years between '49 and the date of the 14 filing of the complaint, the Diocese of Joliet has 15 16 misrepresented and under-reported the true nature and number of predatory and pedophile priests that served in active 17 18 ministry in the Diocese of Joliet. That count has been sustained twice. We've argued the same hearings. 19 20 Kinney has ruled twice. Those are the allegations in this 21 complaint, and we believe that our request with respect to 22 those other priests are consistent and discoverable under
- 24 1958, a member of the diocesan Curia, official of

that complaint.

23

- 1 the Diocese of Joliet, had actual knowledge that a . 2 pedophile, a person that came to the diocese from Iowa, who ____ 3 was being treated for pedophilia at Loyola University 4 Medical Center under a psychiatrist there, he, 5 unfortunately, was made by the St. Isaac Jogues's official a 6 head of the Boy Scouts of the parish, and he sexually abuses 7 a 14-year-old boy. Nowhere does this information come in 8 any disclosure the Diocese of Joliet has made. And that's why I'm a little bit, to be honest with you, not curious or 9 10 not satisfied about what their interpretation of the 11 reporting was. With respect to Fr. Virtue, there is this 12 13 There are two priests that are serving at the Fr. Virtue. exact same time at the parish where David Rudofski was 14 15 Both priests, Fr. Virtue and Fr. Burnett, are 16
- 13 Fr. Virtue. There are two priests that are serving at the
 14 exact same time at the parish where David Rudofski was
 15 abused. Both priests, Fr. Virtue and Fr. Burnett, are
 16 sexually abusing brothers. And the year before our client
 17 was victimized, 1978 to 1982, Virtue goes someplace else and
 18 is found to be guilty of sexual misconduct, we believe as a
 19 result of his misconduct at St. Mary's of Mokena. What
 20 could be more compelling about what a diocese should have
 21 known if two priests living together, both admitted
 22 pedophiles, are abusing two brothers, and then our gentleman
 23 comes in a year later and gets sexually abused.
- MR. LARAIA: Excuse me.

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1 THE COURT: Hold on. Hold on. If you have an
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- objection, you can object, but, you know, there is a ____
- 3 format. Don't address each other. Comments are addressed
- 4 to the Court.
- 5 MR. LARAIA: I'm sorry.
- 6 THE COURT: All right.
- 7 MR. LARAIA: I objected to the idea of admitted.
- 8 Burnett has admitted --
- 9 THE COURT: Hold on. I will note your objection for
- 10 the record. Continue, Mr. Johnson.
- 11 MR. JOHNSON: In fairness, thank you. I will not
- 12 say --
- 13 THE COURT: All right. Address me now.
- MR. JOHNSON: He is an alleged pedophile. With respect
- 15 to Fr. Virtue, there is a substantiated allegation from the
- 16 diocese for which he was sent to -- that Fr. Virtue was -- I
- 17 will not say guilty, but committed this act of sexual
- 18 misconduct. We believe that's critically relevant, but so
- 19 are other cases of sexual misconduct that predate 1983.
- 20 Your Honor, we believe that the request is not
- 21 burdensome. We would like to take a look at 50 files. We
- 22 believe they are discoverable, and I believe they are
- critically relevant on the allegations pending before the
- 24 Court.

THE COURT: Okay. All right.

MR. JOHNSON: Oh, sorry, Mr. Bradley made one -- one

mention. With respect to the qualified privilege, your

Honor, the Campabella (phonetic) case, which we have cited

in our brief, specifically rejects the qualified privilege

that Mr. Laraia is attempting to impose on diocesan

in our brief, specifically rejects the qualified privilege that Mr. Laraia is attempting to impose on diocesan investigations of criminal conduct. They are pedophiles, priests who have abused boys. This -- the Campabella case was Appellate Court of Illinois, Second District, 2004. At the last page, it says, whatever the force of this reasoning, it does not warrant an exercise of judicial legislation.

The privilege that the diocese would have us recognize implicates competing public policy considerations that are best weighed by the general assembly. And they say we decline to consider whether this privilege should be made part of Illinois law. There is no precedent under Illinois law to shield investigations of pedophile priests of a diocese. And we believe that's the law of the State of Illinois. Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. I've taken notes, and I will try to address this as much as possible. And I might miss a few things here and there. I am sure you will tell me about this. All right. This is a motion to compel

- discovery, okay? And as I commented earlier, what's
- discoverable might not necessarily be admissible. But I
- 3 encounter this all the time. One side has to take the word
- of the other in terms of we don't think it's relevant.
- Well, it's the Court's role to determine what's relevant and
- 6 what's not relevant, not for any one party to determine
- 7 what's relevant.
- 8 With regards to the -- Mr. Laraia had indicated
- 9 that there are certain things that don't exist. So that's
- why we have 214 affidavits where we don't have the documents
- sought or we are fully in compliance, we have no further
- documents, that should serve to suffice for those various
- things. I am not going to repeat everything that you have
- 14 indicated.
- With regards to the files of the 27 priests and
- then the seven additional priests, I am going to order that
- 17 to be discoverable, but it has to be confined somewhat to
- abuse. As Mr. Byrne, I believe, pointed out, there is
- something about someone's sermon or someone's personal
- 20 family, I think the example given was an abortion, that's
- 21 not discoverable. It has to be some way confined to
- 22 allegations of misconduct, abuse, however you want to
- characterize it. However, I am going to confine that to not
- include any occurrence post this occurrence. And I don't

- recall what the dates were in 1983. I don't even know if
- 2 your client was able to determine in terms of any type of
- 3 specificity in terms of when that happened in 1983.
- 4 MR. LARAIA: Your Honor, we have a -- we believe it
- 5 took place during the 1982-1983 academic year at
- 6 St. Mary's. We have produced a document signed by
- 7 Fr. Burnett that indicates he delivered the first
- 8 confession, I believe, in November of 1982. That would have
- 9 been first semester (inaudible) the second semester.
- 10 THE COURT: All right. So anything post that
- 11 occurrence then would --
- MR. BYRNE: Post November 1982.
- 13 THE COURT: Correct. -- would not be discoverable.
- 14 There was an indication that you were seeking a list of
- order priests who work in the diocese. I am going to
- 16 confine that to that work for some entity that is overseen
- 17 by the diocese, whether it be a parish, a school. If it's
- an independently run order high school that is not governed
- 19 by the diocese, I am not going to order that to be
- 20 discoverable.
- MR. JOHNSON: Your Honor, may I ask for clarification?
- 22 THE COURT: Sure you can.
- 23 MR. JOHNSON: We have the names of all the order
- 24 priests that were in the diocese. We are only asking for

- 1 reports that the diocese has received of religious order
- 2 priests that had sexual misconduct allegations made. So if
- a priest in 1970, he was a religious order priest, had a
- 4 complaint that the diocese received, that's all we're
- 5 looking for.
- 6 THE COURT: Yeah, but I think there needs to be some
- 7 more of a nexus --
- 8 MR. JOHNSON: Okay.
- 9 THE COURT: -- in terms of maybe he is a visiting
- priest at a local parish, maybe he's helping out at a parish
- or at a school. There has to be some nexus with an entity
- controlled by the diocese. If he is in a parish -- if he is
- in a high school run by an order that merely is within the
- 14 boundaries of a diocese, you know, I'm not going to order
- 15 that discoverable, okay?
- 16 With regards to Bishop Kaffer's investigative file
- 17 regarding sexual abuse claims, I am going to order that be
- discoverable, but only post November of 1982 occurrence.
- 19 MR. JOHNSON: Prior from '82?
- THE COURT: Yeah, that's discoverable. Post November
- 21 1982 is not discoverable.
- MR. JOHNSON: Okay.
- 23 MR. LARAIA: Judge, when you are talking about post
- 24 November of 1982 --

- 1 THE COURT: Occurrences.
- 2 MR. LARAIA: -- you are talking about accusations made
- 3 before?
- 4 THE COURT: Not accusations, occurrences.
- 5 MR. LARAIA: Occurrences that occurred.
- 6 THE COURT: Correct.
- 7 MR. LARAIA: Regardless of when they were reported.
- 8 THE COURT: Correct.
- 9 MR. LARAIA: Okay.
- 10 THE COURT: Okay. With regards to the outside
- investigative files, I am going to order those discoverable,
- 12 but under the same confines. It's not discoverable if the
- occurrence is post November of 1982.
- With regards to the civil litigation documents,
- 15 how did you respond to that? Did you identify the case
- 16 numbers, where the lawsuits were pending?
- 17 MR. LARAIA: No, sir.
- 18 THE COURT: You have to do that at a minimum. You
- 19 know, I am not sure what the -- what would be on file with
- 20 the various clerks' offices, but you have to identify the
- 21 case numbers, the names of the parties, anything of that
- 22 nature, and I am going to reserve my ruling as to any
- 23 further documentation on that. But I think --
- MR. LARAIA: So we are going to identify the cases but

- we don't have to produce documents until you --
- 2 THE COURT: Not yet.
- 3 MR. LARAIA: -- further rule?
- 4 THE COURT: Not yet.
- 5 MR. LARAIA: Okay.
- 6 THE COURT: With -- pertaining to the complaints about
- 7 Bishop Ryan, I am going to hold that discoverable for any --
- 8 and I am going to exclude any post November 1982
- 9 occurrences.
- The secret archive files, I am going to hold that
- 11 those are discoverable. I don't care if you want to do a --
- 12 you know, to comply with 214, there is various ways. You
- can tender the documents or you can do a document
- 14 inspection. I mean, you can have someone there, Mr. Johnson
- or a representative or one of these lawyers there while they
- look at it. They might not be interested in it, but there
- is different ways to comply with 214, but I am going to
- 18 allow that.
- 19 With regards to the mental health records, I am
- going to order that those be tendered to me for in camera
- 21 inspections.
- MR. LARAIA: Judge, I wasn't heard on this. I just
- wanted to say that Fr. Burnett never did anything to waive
- the statutory privilege, and he's claimed a privilege 16

- months ago. We put a letter out to everyone, and I just
 want you to know that.

 THE COURT: We will show that for the record. There
- might not even be anything there. I don't know what's there
 until I have them produced. Those will have to be produced
 at my chambers, and you are going to have to put some type
 of documentation on there, copy of the court order ordering
 it for in camera inspection, and have them, you know, sealed
 in some type of a fashion so that I know when I receive them
- MR. LARAIA: Is that only for Fr. Burnett?

that those are -- that those are --

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- 12 THE COURT: Hold on one second. What were you going to say, Mr. Johnson?
- MR. JOHNSON: This is also not directly addressed, but
 there is also a privilege log that Mr. Byrne has provided in
 which documents from Fr. Burnett's file are not being
 produced. We have them, it was well-done, but do you want
 me to reserve those? Those are the things that we think
 should be subject to in camera review, also. I am happy to
 address it at a later time. I just didn't want you to --
- inspection, why don't you produce that. But as long as you segregate the two things.

THE COURT: No, as long as we are doing an in camera

With regards to the records -- the mental health

records as to the other priests, I am going to hold that to 1 2 be non discoverable. 3 With regards to the review committee, I am going 4 to order that that be discoverable. 5 Along the lines of that civil litigation information, I am not sure why -- what the -- why you need 6 insurance information pertaining to those prior lawsuits, as 7 8 to why that would be discoverable. 9 MR. JOHNSON: I was here one time, your Honor, and I saw on the call a piece of litigation which Mr. Byrne had 10 filed against Lloyds of London and others. If they have 11 disclosed documents, that they have produced documents to 12 them, I don't know, but I assume it's -- my understanding is 13 coverage litigation documents are produced. If they are 14 15 produced, I'm just trying to say identify the documents 16 and --17 I think that's too broad. THE COURT: I am going to deny that, that request, for -- unless you can demonstrate 18 19 20 MR. JOHNSON: May I have a clarification? 21 THE COURT: You may. 22 The review committee discoverability, may MR. JOHNSON: we request that that apply to priests who had credible 23

allegations of sexual misconduct that predate the event?

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- 1 For example, if they have an investigation that they bring
- witnesses, that says this occurrence happened in 1978, it
- 3 seemed to be --
- 4 THE COURT: Anything pre occurrence.
- 5 MR. JOHNSON: Okay.
- 6 MR. LARAIA: Is that limited to pre occurrence?
- 7 THE COURT: It is.
- 8 MR. LARAIA: Okay.
- 9 THE COURT: With regards to diocesan policies, are
- 10 there -- are you confining that to policies pertaining to
- 11 the reporting of sexual abuse? I mean, I can -- I can
- imagine how voluminous diocesan policies are on --
- MR. JOHNSON: Your Honor, we have not requested all the
- 14 policies. They have given us post occurrence policies of
- 15 sexual misconduct, but they reference that -- and even the
- Archdiocese of Chicago and other places around this locale
- have said hey, in the '80s and '70s, we did this. We are
- just talking about sexual misconduct and how (inaudible) the
- 19 sexual misconduct policies prior to 1990.
- 20 THE COURT: Pre occurrence.
- MR. JOHNSON: Yes.
- THE COURT: All right. I'll grant that motion to
- 23 compel the diocesan policies.
- MR. LARAIA: You are talking about the written

policies? 1 2 THE COURT: The written policies pertaining --3 MR. LARAIA: Prior to 1982? 4 THE COURT: Pre occurrence. With regards to your 5 request for information pertaining to legal fees, I am going 6 to order that that's not discoverable. 7 With regards to background checks, I am ordering that that is discoverable pre occurrence. 8 9 With regards to the information regarding the vows 10 of celibacy, I am going to order that that is not discoverable. And I am sure I have left a few things out, 11 12 but that's what struck me when I was going through it. 13 MR. JOHNSON: I am sure we can ask for clarification at a later date. May I request that the order indicate that 14 15 today that the Court has ruled consistent with the 16 transcript of proceedings that we will attach so we can all 17 be very accurate? We would be happy to get a transcript, 18 but this is obviously going to be a voluminous order, and I would be happy to craft a --19 20 Just attach the transcript corresponding to THE COURT: 21 my ruling. 22 MR. LARAIA: I think what he is asking for is a 23 temporary order now subject to another order to be submitted

Is that what you are asking?

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later.

1	MR. JOHNSON: There is always those conferences that
2	people can't even agree to what was said. I will be happy
3	to do whatever you want, take advice from the Court.
4	THE COURT: Well, what we could do is we could just
5	pick a date, you can order the transcript today, we can pick
6	a date say maybe within three weeks for entry of discovery
. 7	order consistent with my ruling, and then that way hopefully
8	you will have the transcript, you can write out the order
9	consistent with it. Fair enough to everybody?
10	MR. JOHNSON: Fine.
11	THE COURT: And if there is a dispute, then we can
12	address it on that court date, okay? And then you guys can
13	go through the transcript. If there is something I missed,
14	you can bring it to my attention.
15	MR. JOHNSON: Thank you, Judge.
16	MR. BYRNE: Thank you, your Honor.
17	MR. LARAIA: Thank you, your Honor.
18	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
19	(AND THOSE WERE ALL THE PROCEEDINGS HAD.)
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1	STATE OF ILLINOIS)
2) SS. COUNTY OF W I L L)
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7	I, STEVE VITHOULKAS, Official Court Reporter for
8	the 12th Judicial Circuit, Will County, Illinois, do hereby
9	certify the foregoing to be a true and accurate transcript
10	of the electronic recording of the proceedings of the
11	above-entitled cause, which recording contained a
12	certification in accordance with rule or administrative
13	order.
14	
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20	STEVE VITHOULKAS
21	Official Court Reporter.
22	
23	
24	



1	STATE OF ILLINOIS)				
2) SS. COUNTY OF WILL)				
3	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 12TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT WILL COUNTY, ILLINOIS				
4					
5	DAVID RUDOFSKI) AMANDA RUDOFSKI)				
6 _	Plaintiffs,)				
7	-vs-) NO. 2007 L 283				
8	ROMAN CATHOLIC DIOCESE OF JOLIET) FR. JAMES BURNETT)				
9	Defendants.)				
10	Derendants.)				
11	REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS had at the hearing of the				
12	above-entitled cause before the Honorable MICHAEL J. POWERS,				
13	on the 14th day of December, A.D., 2010.				
14					
15	APPEARANCES:				
16	MR. TERRENCE JOHNSON and MR. PATRICK BRADLEY, Attorneys At Law				
17	Appeared on behalf of the Plaiantiffs;				
18	MR. STUART BRESSLER, Attorney At Law Appeared on behalf of defendant Fr. James Burnett;				
19	MD TAMES DUDYE ALL DESCRIPTION AL LOS				
20	MR. JAMES BYRNE, Attorney At Law Appeared on behalf of defendant Roman Catholic Diocese of Joliet.				
21	Diocese of ourse.				
22	STEVE VITHOULKAS, CSR, RPR, RMR Will County Courthouse				
23	Joliet, IL 60432				
24					

1 THE COURT: Rudofski versus Diocese of Joliet. 2 MR. BYRNE: Good morning, your Honor. James Byrne on 3 behalf of the Diocese. 4 THE COURT: Mr. Byrne. 5 MR. BRADLEY: Good morning, your Honor. Pat Bradley for the plaintiffs. 6 7 THE COURT: Mr. Johnson. 8 MR. JOHNSON: Good morning, your Honor. Terry Johnson on behalf of the plaintiff. 9 10 MR. BYRNE: We're here for presentation of an order, 11 and I think what we would like to do is just pass it to your 12 9:30 call. 13 THE COURT: That's fine. You guys ordered the transcript. That was my recollection. And then we were 14 15 going to have a few questions if something wasn't covered. MR. BYRNE: Hopefully we can work that out. 16 17 can't, we will step up. 18 THE COURT: That's fine. See if you can work it out. 19 And if you can't, I will call it at the end. You are going 20 to have 'to bring me back up to speed a little bit. 21 MR. BYRNE: Okay. Thank you, your Honor. 22 (Matter passed and recalled.) 23 THE COURT: Rudofski versus Diocese of Joliet. 24 MR. BYRNE: Good morning again, your Honor.

1 THE COURT: Good morning. 2 MR. BYRNE: James Byrne on behalf of the Diocese. 3 MR. BRESSLER: Stuart Bressler for Fr. Burnett, Judge. MR. BRADLEY: Good morning again, your Honor. Patrick 4 5 Bradley for the plaintiff. 6 MR. JOHNSON: Good morning, Judge. Terry Johnson for 7 the plaintiff. 8 MR. BYRNE: Your Honor, we have two proposed orders of 9 the court transcript --10 THE COURT: Okay. 11 MR. BYRNE: -- which I am tendering to the Court here. 12 And one of the biggest issues that I see between the two 13 court orders is their order is talking about just sexual 14 misconduct in general, which would include anything between adults and adults. And I think this whole case is child 15 16 sexual abuse. And to obtain whatever allegations there were 17 regarding other priests and child sexual abuse. So that, to 18 me, was kind of a glaring issue because now we are going 19 into something that has -- is beyond me as to how it would 20 have any relevance. So that was one of the major 21 objections.

The other one, your Honor, and you can look at the court transcript here, the other one had to do with regarding allegations with minors, sexual abuse of minors.

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And we all agree if it's -- the occurrence is prior to '82, we don't care when it was reported. Your order is that's discoverable. The question is, does the entire priest's file be produced or the allegations.

Now, as I read what the Court said, it's the allegations. And I pointed out to the Court just briefly the difficulty in the issues with the entire priest's file. Your Honor, I think what I have to expound on, if the Court would indulge me, this is not a typical personnel file. When somebody applies to be a priest, they are doing a background regarding his family. They are bringing things out such as the father may have been an alcoholic problem. They are bringing things out such as there may have been a divorce.

Once the priest is assigned, there is evaluations at certain times done about his governance and how he acts -- interacts with the parish. We have staff, your Honor, who are filling out forms criticizing their pastor. We have a pastor who responds criticizing school personnel. These are all governance issues on personal -- we have interviews by the way, of a bishop of a priest regarding his assignment or what parish he can get, that priest making negative comments about other priests, having nothing at all to do with misconduct.

Your Honor, there is a whole slew of information in these priests' files, some of which I'm articulating to the Court, which could have no relevance whatsoever. key thing here, your Honor, as I see it, is they're saying we knew or should have known child sexual abuse, those are the allegations. They say to a jury, here is the allegations, here are so many, thank you very much, they never told anybody. And, your Honor, in all of this, I will bring out one other thing. On this issue of did the Diocese know and not disclose, we admitted that in our answer to the amended complaint on paragraph 62 in which they said you knew. You not only knew that you had priests, you transferred them. Not only did you do that, you took priests from other diocese who had allegations and brought them into your diocese.

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known, and we admitted that and said there were approximately seven. So I just ask the Court to consider that. As I see it, from what the Court has ordered and talked, I gave only one example or maybe two examples last time of highly sensitive information in the file, such as a woman who might write in and complaining about the school or something else, would say something about she may have had an abortion or a teenage daughter. I just gave these two

examples briefly.

I'm now giving all this other information which in my mind I don't know how it can have any relevance to lead them evidence that they need in order to produce. So I think those are the two main differences that we have here, your Honor.

THE COURT: First of all, do you agree that those are the two differences?

MR. BYRNE: Main. Excuse me.

MR. BRADLEY: Yes.

THE COURT: Do you want to respond then?

MR. BRADLEY: Yes. My response is this, your Honor.

In your order of -- or in your ruling on the 23rd of

November, you stated, and I am going to quote. "With regard

to the files of the 27 priests and the seven additional

priests, I am going to order that to be discoverable." Now,

we went out in the hall and we tried to work out an

accommodation such that we could work out our differences in

an amicable way and only bring you problems that you needed

to resolve. And what we proposed in this regard was that

Counsel for the plaintiff and Counsel for the defendant meet

at the chancellory office where all of these documents by

Counsel's previous statements are found and go through

them.

We don't care and probably shouldn't see some of the documents if, as Mr. Byrne said at the prior hearing, there is an issue of an abortion. We don't want to have that, and no one should see that.

THE COURT: Other than -- other than allegations of sexual misconduct, what would you want out of the priest's file?

MR. BRADLEY: Well, there will be documents, I submit, your Honor, that pertain to suspicions, pertain to questions about the priests in particular. And this came up with regard to Fr. Stefanich, one of the priests, I believe, that's on their list of 27 where there were allegations. Bishop Imesh has testified. Well, those were allegations he was skinny dipping with seven or eight boys.

Now, skinny dipping to the normal, reasonable person walking down the street would suggest there might be a problem. Those are the type of documents that pointed in Stefanich's case or should have pointed in Stefanich's case to a problem priest.

THE COURT: So you're saying there would be evidence of that nature that wouldn't be per se sexual misconduct?

MR. BRADLEY: Correct.

THE COURT: But leading down the road inappropriate.

MR. BRADLEY: Would neither be an allegation nor would

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it be by their definition sexual misconduct because Bishop

Imesh testified that's not misconduct, that's boys' play.

So we have a differing view of that. And we don't believe we should -- our hands shouldn't be tied by Counsel for the defendant and the Diocese's decisions as to what is or not pertinent to that issue.

So what we proposed is that we sit down and go through the files of these priests because we've always been looking for the files, we've always wanted what's in those files or what's in that secret archive or what's in the Bishop for Clergy's -- clergy -- what's the --

MR. JOHNSON: Vicar General.

MR. BRADLEY: Vicar General, Vicar for the Clergy. We want those documents that pertain to this issue and nothing else. But I think the best way to do it is for us to go out and find out if there is a problem. If there is a sensitive document that needs to be considered by the Court where we can't reach agreement as to whether this is relevant or not, then we will bring those matters to you. But we should be allowed to see those documents so that we need not have our hands tied as to what they determine to be an accusation, an allegation or when these things were reported, because we have indications already in our own files that there is question marks on each of those issues.

So we want to see the original documents and then
bring to you those matters which they believe to be
sensitive or privileged or somehow should not be
disseminated. And if the Court is inclined at that point to

enter a protective order, so be it.

THE COURT: Well, I am not really interested in going through all these priests' files and going through complaints because, you know, a priest was 15 minutes late to say mass or whatever. I don't think that's the intent of an in camera inspection. The intent is whether or not there is a true privilege or something of that nature. Did you want to weigh in on it, Mr. Johnson?

MR. JOHNSON: Judge, the only other thing is there are -- we have the priest file of Fr. Burnett and some others, and there are specific other relevant information about where these pedophiles were stationed. So, for example, where they were at any given parish, we don't have that from the Diocese, and the assignment records for these 27 plus seven plus whatever would be in the priests' files, so there is definitely discoverable information that we think is in there that is over and above just, quote unquote, allegations.

There is also reviews by -- we've seen Bishop

Kaffer. He's met with a priest, a problem priest. And they

talk about it. So it's just --

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THE COURT: And talk about what, the allegations?

MR. JOHNSON: Well, they talk about the problems a

priest is having. So it's an opportunity -- Bishop Kaffer

or others may have visited with them, how often were they

out there seeing them. Yeah, it's -- I don't think that's

privileged. And they have -- the Diocese has produced those

type of documents in Fr. Burnett's file, they have produced

those type of documents in Fr. Stefanich's file and the

Stefanich litigation. So we are not asking for any other

types of documents that have not otherwise been produced.

What they usually do is redact the name. Jim says there is a right of privacy, so if some woman makes a complaint about a parish, they take that woman's name off. We're not interested in publicizing that woman's name or even to get a sense of it, but I think the totality of the file should be produced save for those super-sensitive documents. And then that gets away from the issue of, you know, just having Jim or somebody else like that decide what the allegations are or not.

MR. BYRNE: Your Honor, if I may respond? First as to the procedure circumventing the civil practice rules. If we are all going to have friendly meetings and we go through a file and I say -- by the way, we got -- some of the files

have a sticky, you got to read those letters to see what's in them or not. Well, I am not going to show you this one. And what we're really -- what I am entitled to do, I think, whatever the Court orders. If the Court will order -- such as the Court will at some time produce -- we produced the file of the accused, the entire file.

I'm entitled under the law to do a privilege log, all right, to recite that. What they are suggesting is we are going to subvert -- not subvert. We are going to go around that whole procedure. I think that's a right that anyone has in producing. So that procedure is out. By the way, the other thing that would really be disastrous, if we're looking at a secret archives container and there are envelopes and it says father so and so, okay, that may be because he had some alcohol rehabilitation. It may be because he had some depression, all right? So what are we going to do? We are going to open those and let them -- oh, no, this is about depression. They are actually seeking to do an investigation.

By the way, there is checks on me in producing allegations. First of all, we have published those 22 priests. By the way, there is the dispute, 22, 27, but that aside. We have published that. My suggestion, your Honor, is to go with the order that you entered regarding

allegations of abuse. If those are turned over and somehow
they say now we are hampered and we can't go any further,

3 then let them demonstrate.

By the way, they also have other files that are floating around out there, all right, in which it's almost a double-check. Your Honor, in addition to that, regarding where priests are stationed, they have produced for you a huge chart, all right, and telescopes it and they know where every priest was stationed, when he was stationed. They got it from the Catholic directory. And we told them in our answers to interrogatory the Catholic directory is an accurate source.

So when they say, well, we need to look at the whole file to see where the priest was assigned or stationed, they already have that information, and there is no question about that information. So, by the way, when they are talking about what if there is a suspicion? Your Honor, what they need to show to a jury -- and we will take the Fr. Stefanich file. By the way, he was accused of sexual misconduct with a teenage girl. He was convicted. He was sent to jail. All right? That's what they need. This is when he was -- this is when it occurred, he was convicted, he went to jail. By the way, end of story.

The fact that maybe the Diocese should have

learned earlier. The issue here is under Count 7, you knew, you didn't disclose. The occurrence was before '82. That's the essence of it. What they are seeking to do here, your Honor, is go beyond looking for information that could lead to evidence to prove their element of the cause of action, and they are seeking a general overall investigation of the Diocese, which almost all of this, as the Court knows, ends up in the court file. I just think that what the Court ordered when we were here the last time --

THE COURT: Well, first of all, you know, discovery doesn't get filed here in Will County, so it should not end up in the court file. We have had previous issues in terms of motions, we have had protective orders and all those types of things. So that shouldn't be a problem. And if something needs to be filed, we can impound it or whatever to protect that in that regard.

MR. BYRNE: Your Honor, if I may just respond to what you're saying? And I appreciate that there can be protective orders, but my experience has been that protective orders are a temporary solution. They are a temporary solution pending the litigation. And that's it. Because once the litigation is over, this is what happens. The media comes in and says public records, sealed, we have a constitutional First Amendment right to look at them.

There is an altogether different standard now. And it has been done in this county on at least one occasion and in another county in DuPage. So I am not just speaking theoretically.

So the -- you know, to say, well, there will be an entire file, each file we are going to do a privilege log, each file I'm going to rule on that. For what purpose? You know, the real question is, how much is enough in order to be able to prove this one element they knew and didn't disclose? And when the Court recited, you know, the 27 and seven, I'm suggesting to the Court that that's more than enough.

By the way, in addition to that, if we just give them the allegations out of a priest's file, they also have the review committee files, which is a double-check. They also have -- by the way, they -- you also ordered secret archives file. They also ordered outside investigative files regarding any priest. It seems like there is a lot of overlap here, protect them to make sure that the Diocese has turned over those allegations of child sexual abuse.

THE COURT: Well, the problem is they don't know what you have. They don't have the benefit of knowing what's in your possession. And you are asking them to say trust us, this is all that you really need to know in this case.

MR. BYRNE: If I could respond, your Honor? If it was a defect -- let's say it was an accident in the playground and the court order said turn over the history of all prior accidents. I would think that that defendant would say here is all our records on prior accidents and give an affidavit and certify as opposed to -- as opposed to now the plaintiff says, no, no, we are going to come in and look at each and every file that you have, just to make sure that your affidavit is correct.

I think even the Court said, you know, in discovery there is a point at which when an order is given, one complies to the best of their ability and then certifies that they have done that. You know, over and above that.

THE COURT: Mr. Bradley?

MR. BRADLEY: Your Honor, I think what Jim has stated a couple minutes ago really crystallizes this issue and is pertinent to what he just said. He said there remains a dispute as to whether there are 22 or 27 priests against whom credible allegations have been made. How can it be at this juncture that Counsel for the Diocese can't answer that question definitively? Those two numbers came from the Diocese. Their web site in one instance and their press release in 2004.

This is the problem that we have. They can't

answer that question today. We need to see those files, your Honor, so that we can have a more definitive answer to the questions that are raised in this litigation.

THE COURT: All right. Here is what I am going to do.

With regards to the priests' files, they are going to be

produced. If you think -- if there is any -- with regards

to the allegations of sexual misconduct, it does not have to

involve only minors. Allegations of sexual misconduct

period. That is discoverable.

THE COURT: No, we're still doing that time line of prior.

MR. BYRNE: Prior to November of '82 or forever?

MR. BYRNE: Your Honor, I am interrupting the Court.

Any sexual misconduct, adult, adult.

THE COURT: Correct. Correct. It doesn't just have to involve a minor. All right. Also, any allegations involving minors is discoverable. It does not have to involve sex. For example, the skinny dipping example that was given. That involves minors, does not involve sex, that is discoverable, okay? Any meetings with superiors. An example is given, you know, meeting with Bishop Kaffer or something. That's discoverable. Assignments in terms of the priestly assignments, that is discoverable.

Maybe it's duplicative, maybe they can get the

information somewhere else, but they are entitled to it. In
there is anything in there that you think is privileged,
then you are going to have to do a privilege log, okay?

MR. BYRNE: Your Hopor, the only other thing I would

MR. BYRNE: Your Honor, the only other thing I would say, although we are here for presentation of an order and for clarification, the whole focus of all discovery has been child sexual abuse. And now, even though I don't think it's within their motion to compel, it's now any sexual misconduct in the Diocese at any time.

THE COURT: The purpose is whether or not the Diocese was on notice something was awry, okay?

MR. BYRNE: Okay.

THE COURT: And so just because -- and as I've said before, just because something is discoverable doesn't necessarily mean it's going to be admissible. I don't know what's going to be there, but for -- at this stage purposes of discovery, I think they are entitled to see it, okay?

MR. BYRNE: Your Honor, could I ask the Court to indulge us regarding in camera inspection which was also in your order? You wanted an in camera inspection of Fr. Burnett's mental health records.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. BYRNE: And, also, anything that the Diocese claimed that's privileged from his file.

1 THE COURT: Correct.

MR. BYRNE: I have had different judges approach in camera inspections differently, and I am just looking for some guidance.

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. BYRNE: The one I'm familiar with, which may not be yours, is that the attorneys meet with the judge in chambers, the judge goes through, makes the ruling. If the judge decides that something is not privileged, the document is handed back to the defense attorney and told that he will produce that.

THE COURT: And here is the method I incorporate. I have to look -- I will look at the records myself alone in chambers. Deliver them to chambers. After I have looked at them, we will have a court hearing because I don't have a record in my chambers to make a record of it. Then whatever I determine is privileged, I might identify that without identifying the contents.

MR. BYRNE: I understand.

THE COURT: All right. Record maybe by date, maybe by Bates stamp. If you have them Bates stamped, I can identify it by Bates stamp and identify it as privileged, tender it back to the producing party, which would be you, and then what I would do is whatever is discoverable, I would tender

1 back to you for -- so that you can reproduce it for 2 production in discovery. 3 MR. BYRNE: Fine. 4 THE COURT: Okay? 5 MR. BYRNE: I just needed clarification. 6 THE COURT: That's fine. 7 MR. BYRNE: So at that time it's returned to the party 8 producing. 9 THE COURT: Right in open court. 10 MR. BYRNE: Pardon? THE COURT: Right in open court. There is no third 11 12 party. I will give it right back to you. 13 MR. BYRNE: All right. And not opposing counsel at 14 that time. 1.5 THE COURT: If it's privileged, he is not going to see 16 it. 17 MR. BYRNE: No, but you ruled -- I'm sorry, those 18 documents you ruled not privileged. 19 THE COURT: I will give them to you so that you can 20 reproduce them for Counsel, okay? 21 MR. BYRNE: Okay. 22 MR. BRADLEY: I think Jim has probably alluded to the 23 fact that he may choose not to agree with the Court, at 24 which point in time he may -- well, I am not going to go

there. Judge, may I make a practical suggestion, because we had some difficulty entering two orders. I would like to request, as we did a year ago or over a year ago, for an order to see the original documents. And we'd like to go in the same room with Mr. Byrne and see the files. And your orders are -- your Honor has already produced. If there is a problem, we will address those. But we'd like to get on with the discovery of the documents.

MR. BYRNE: Your Honor, this is beyond the scope of this hearing now. But what he has requested in the past is he wants to see Fr. Burnett's original file. I said here is the copy. Now, at some point he says, well, let me look at the original. Now, is this going to be -- I mean, even if the Court rules that's for Burnett, that's going to be for the file, we are sitting down with originals? It seems to me in most any case copies are produced. If they are not legible --

THE COURT: I don't think that's necessary at this time. Unless you've demonstrated to me that you have some evidence that they are not tendering documents that have been ordered by the Court or have been requested by you pursuant to discovery requests that weren't objected to but were withheld or something, I mean that's not the normal course of discovery transactions going on in any of the

. 1	cases that are in this courtroom. So unless you can, you					
2	know, demonstrate to me some unique need for that, you know,					
3	at this time I am not going to allow that. I might					
4	reconsider it later, but I don't think it's necessary at					
5	this point.					
6	MR. BRADLEY: Your Honor, with regard to the we will					
7	prepare the order today. Is there a time limit for the					
8	production of these documents?					
. 9	THE COURT: How much time do you need to comply?					
10	MR. BYRNE: Your Honor, at this time I'm embarrassed to					
11.	say to the Court that it's very difficult for me to answer					
12	given the change in leadership in the Diocese, given the					
13	fact that our chancellor in charge of records will be in					
1.4	Brazil for two weeks, given the Christmas holidays. It's					
15	very difficult for me to reasonably estimate.					
16	THE COURT: 60 days?					
17	MR. BYRNE: Pardon me?					
18	THE COURT: 60 days?					
19	MR. BYRNE: I would think 90 would be more realistic,					
20	but I'm just					
21	THE COURT: All right. I will give them the 90 since					
22	the next 30 are going to be difficult to get much done,					
23	okay?					
	·					

MR. BRADLEY: We will include that in the order, your

Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. BRADLEY: And we will have the order today. I might make a practical suggestion. We even had difficulty with the transcript, getting a -- an order that we could agree to. I might suggest that the order today indicate the Court's rulings are subject -- are those that were made at the transcript of proceedings and enter a -- one simple little order and dovetail what you previously ruled, otherwise we are going to be back here tomorrow not being able to agree. I mean it seems silly, but we have some detailed language we took right from the transcript and we couldn't get agreement.

So I would like to suggest a simple order that says the Court has issued rulings consistent with the transcript of proceedings on this date and the previous date which will incorporate the record.

THE COURT: My recollection was is that I thought it was going to be a, you know, one-page order and just make -- attaching the transcript to it, incorporating that as part of the order so that there is no confusion as to what my rulings were.

MR. BYRNE: We can do that, your Honor. We can attach both.

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MR. BRESSLER: Or just say the court orders that which is stated in the attached transcript, right?

THE COURT: From the previous proceeding.

MR. BRESSLER: Identify the dates.

MR. BYRNE: If I may respond, your Honor? That's the issue, because we are talking about two separate hearings now in which the Court is making orders. You have made some either clarifications or some -- issued some new orders Plus the other one. I still think the better procedure is to draft an order -- by the way --

THE COURT: My feeling is that I appreciate your suggestion. My feeling is that when you give two parties the opportunity to produce something, that you are never going to agree to it. I think it's easier just to attach both transcripts so that if one party says the other party is in violation, you can hand me the order with the transcript, identify the page, and then I can say, well, I ordered this, why wasn't this complied with. Or if the plaintiffs are saying we wanted this. Well, where in the order did I allow for that. It's nowhere in the order, why do you think you are entitled to it? Nothing in these transcripts identify that. But I think if I -- I can give you guys a year and I am not sure that you would agree as to a proposed order.

1 MR. BYRNE: We were pretty close on these two, the 2 major things. 3 THE COURT: If --4 MR. BYRNE: I'm sorry. 5 THE COURT: Do it the way I'm proposing it. And if --6 unless you want to agree to do some type of language, then 7 I'll reconsider if you can reach an agreement, but I am not going to wait for that. 8 9 MR. BRADLEY: Your Honor, I would be happy to work with 10 Jim after this order is entered today to see if we can get a 11 more definitive typewritten one, and if we can both agree to 1.2 it, we would be happy to come back. 13 THE COURT: That's fine. MR. BRADLEY: Otherwise the default would be your 14 solution. 15 THE COURT: Correct. I mean, if you want, I can give 16 17 you seven days to come up with an agreed order, and if you can't, you know, what direction I'm going in. 18 MR. BRADLEY: What I would like to propose -- we tried 19 that three weeks ago. I would like to propose that we get 20 an order entered today and come back with another one. At 21 least we will have an order entered consistent with your 22

THE COURT: All right. Then why don't we enter this

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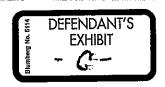
rulings.

2 order if you guys come to an agreement, okay? 3 MR. BRADLEY: Thank you, your Honor. 4 THE COURT: Now, are you going to order a transcript 5 from today? 6 MR. BRADLEY: 7 MR. BYRNE: Your Honor, I would like my proposed order as part of the record here. 8 9 THE COURT: You got it. And then just pick 90 days compliance, and we will pick a date sometime right after 10 that 90 days to comply. 11 MR. BRADLEY: Thanks, Judge. Thank you for your time. 12 13 Your Honor, do you want us to come back for any type of 14 status? MR. BYRNE: Seven days to --15 MR. BRADLEY: No, I am talking about ten days for 16 17 compliance. MR. BRESSLER: I think you just said that, pick a day 18 after 90 days. 19 MR. BRADLEY: Oh. 20 That's what I said, pick a date after that 21 22 90-day date. (AND THOSE WERE ALL THE PROCEEDINGS HAD.) 23 24

order and we can consider -- I'll consider replacing the

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1	STATE OF ILLINOIS)
2	COUNTY OF W I L L)
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7	I, STEVE VITHOULKAS, Official Court Reporter for
8	the 12th Judicial Circuit, Will County, Illinois, do hereby
9	certify the foregoing to be a true and accurate transcript
10	of the electronic recording of the proceedings of the
11	above-entitled cause, which recording contained a
12	certification in accordance with rule or administrative
13	order.
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19	
20	STEVE VITHOULKAS
21	Official Court Reporter.
22	



IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT WILL COUNTY, ILLINOIS

DAVID RUDOFSKI,)
Plaintiff,)
vs.) No. 2007-L-283
ROMAN CATHOLIC DIOCESE OF JOLIET, a Trust, and FATHER JAMES BURNETT,))
Defendants.))

COURT ORDER FOR THE DIOCESE TO COMPLY WITH PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL

This Cause coming to be heard on the Plaintiff's Motion to Compel the Diocese of Joliet to comply with its 214 document discovery request filed August 24, 2010, due notice having been given, and the Court being advised in the premises after submission of briefs and exhibits and after hearing on November 23, 2010 and December 14, 2010, and the Court having entered an order for the Diocese to produce documents as set forth in the transcript of proceeding on said dates, and the Diocese now requesting by Motion that a full written order be entered:

NOW THEREFORE IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the Roman Catholic Diocese of Joliet will produce the following discovery and documents in its possession and control, as set forth by the Court on November 23rd and December 14th of 2010, which is as follows:

- 1.) Allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with adults that occurred prior to November 20, 1982 regardless of how said conduct was reported to the Diocese including:
 - (a) Allegations against all Diocesan priests (which would be from 1949 to the present);
 - (b) Allegations against all Religious Order priests who worked in a Diocesan parish or Diocesan facility (which would be from 1949 to the present);
 - (c) Allegations that were found to be reasonably credible by the Diocese and allegations that were found to be reasonably non-credible by the Diocese, or false;
 - (d) The entire priests' files of said other priests and not only those portions of the files that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct with adults;
 - (e) The Diocese's Secret Archive files that pertain to said allegations;
 - (f) The investigation files of **Bishop Kaffer** that pertain to said allegations;
 - (g) The investigation files of the Diocese's **outside investigators**, including Steve Kirby & Kirby Associates that pertain to said allegations;
 - (h) Diocesan Review Committee records that pertain to said allegations;
 - (i) Background checks of witnesses or claimants that pertain to said allegations;
 - (j) Allegations of sexual misconduct with adults by **Bishop Dan Ryan** while he was an official of the Diocese of Joliet, provided that the alleged sexual misconduct occurred prior to November 20, 1982, even if reported after said date.

- 2) Complaints against priests involving minors that do not involve sex, occurring before November 20, 1982, no matter when reported to the Diocese, including:
 - (a) Complaints involving all Diocesan priests, from 1949 to the present;
 - (b) Complaints involving all Religious Order Priests who worked in a Diocesan parish or Diocesan facility;
 - (c) The complaints that were found to be reasonably credible by the Diocese and complaints that were found to be reasonably non-credible or false;
 - (d) The entire priest file of said other priests and not only those portions of the file that pertain to said complaints;
 - (e) The **Diocese's Secret Archive files**, if any that pertain to said complaints;
 - (f) The investigation files of **Bishop Kaffer** that pertain to said complaints;
 - (g) The investigation files of the Diocese's **outside investigators**, including Steve Kirby & Kirby Associates, that pertain to said complaints;
 - (h) **Diocesan Review Committee records** that pertain to said complaints;
 - (i) Background checks of witnesses and claimants that pertain to said complaints;
 - (j) Complaints against **Bishop Dan Ryan** involving minors that do not involve sex while he was an official of the Diocese of Joliet the occurrence was before November 20, 1982, even if reported after said date.

- Allegations of sexual abuse by priests with minors that occurred prior to November 20, 1982 which includes those reported to the Diocese before November 20, 1982, as well as those first reported after November 20, 1982 including:
 - (a) Allegations against all Diocesan priests (which would be from 1949 to the present);
 - (b) Allegations against all Religious Order priests who worked in a Diocesan parish or Diocesan facility (which would be from 1949 to the present);
 - (c) Allegations that were found to be reasonably credible by the Diocese and allegations that were found to be reasonably non-credible by the Diocese, and reasonably false;
 - (d) The entire priests' files of said other priests and not only those portions of the files that pertain to allegations of sexual abuse and other misconduct;
 - (e) The **Diocese's Secret Archive files** that pertain to said allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with minors;
 - (f) The investigation files of **Bishop Kaffer** that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with minors;
 - (g) The investigation files of the Diocese's **outside investigators**, including Steve Kirby & Kirby Associates, that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with minors;
 - (h) **Diocesan Review Committee records** that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct of priests with minors;
 - (i) **Background checks of witnesses or claimants** that pertain to allegations of sexual misconduct with minors;
 - (j) Allegations of sexual misconduct with minors if any, of **Bishop Dan Ryan** that took place while he was an official of the Diocese of Joliet provided that the allegations occurrence was prior to November 20, 1982, even if reported after 1982.

It is further ordered, that the Diocese is only required, at this time, to provide <u>copies</u> of said records and not originals.

4.) A list of all lawsuits brought against the Diocese for priests sexual abuse of minors where the abuse is alleged to have occurred prior to November 20, 1982, even if report to the Diocese and suit filed after 1982.

The Court further orders that the following information and documents are not discoverable by the Plaintiff:

- a. The **mental health records of priests** other than Father Burnett who have had allegations of sexual misconduct with adults and sexual and other misconduct with children.
- b. The Diocesan documents or records regarding the **legal fees of priests** accused of sexual abuse with minors.
- c. The Diocesan records in the possession of any state's attorney's office.
- d. The Diocesan records in the possession of any **insurance company** providing insurance coverage to the Diocese.

Date:	, 2011	Entered	l:	,		
			Judge of the	Twelfth Judic	ial Circuit	

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